8. Yellow Creek Watershed

a. General

Yellow Creek, the main tributary of Two Lick Creek, is arbitrarily split at Yellow Creek State Park into Upper and Lower Portions which are, for the purpose of this report, treated as separate watersheds.

Little Yellow Creek, a major tributary to Yellow Creek, is treated separately earlier in this section of the report.

Yellow Creek originates near Alverda and flows in a southeasterly direction for approximately 23 miles where it discharges into Two Lick Creek Proper at Homer City.

Total stream length including all tributaries (excluding Little Yellow Creek) is approximately 85.4 miles and total area is 51.6 square miles.

Plate <u>64</u> graphically illustrates the downstream fluctuation of pollution load and flow as measured at several sampling stations on Yellow Creek.

Plates <u>65</u> and <u>70</u>, Pages <u>228</u> and <u>246</u> show the locations of the sampling stations and the extent of mine drainage pollution within various portions of the watershed.

8A. Upper Portion, Yellow Creek Watershed

a. General

The Upper Portion of Yellow Creek Watershed covers an area of approximately 28.2 square miles. The principal tributaries in the watershed are Laurel Run #1, Laurel Run #2, Rose Run, and Leonard Run.

The total stream length including all tributaries is approximately 50.1 miles.

b. Stream Condition

An analysis of mine drainage contamination within the watershed provides the following breakdown on stream condition.

Table <u>64</u>

Stream Condition

Upper Portion, Yellow Creek Watershed

Stream Classification	Stream Length Miles	Percent Total Stream Length
Non-Polluted	47.8	95
Severely Polluted	0.0	0
Moderately Polluted	2.3	5

As indicated above, approximately 5 percent of the watershed is seriously degraded by mine drainage.

Plate $\underline{65}$ shows the locations of the sampling stations and the extent of mine drainage pollution within the watershed.

Leonard Run is the only major tributary seriously degraded by mine drainage. There are several additional minor sources of mine drainage near Alverda which are evidently being neutralized and diluted by the main stream.

This also holds true of the main stream about one mile below Heilwood where measurements indicate- a buffering of contamination from Leonard Run and the Heilwood area.

Most of the waters below Sampling Station #301 support fish life at least half of the year. The Pennsylvania Fish Commission annually stocks trout near the junction of Rose Run and Laurel Run and near Yellow Creek State Park.

UPPER PORTION: YELLOW CREEK WATERSHED (EXCLUDING LITTLE YELLOW CREEK) WATERSHED AREA **LEGEND** YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN SAMPLING STATION MODERATELY ACID 2 MILES **MARCH 1970** PREPARED FOR PREPARED BY TWO LICK CREEK PENNSYLVANIA DEPARTMENT OF MINES AND MINE DRAINAGE POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT L. ROBERT KIMBALL Consulting Engineers EBENSBURG, PENNSYLVANIA INDIANA COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA MINERAL INDUSTRIES

The Laurel Run tributary, originating near Nolo, is reported to support year round trout populations. Water samples from this and other tributaries not affected by mine drainage indicate that a considerable amount of contamination entering the streams originate from natural sources within the watershed.

c. Sampling Station Data

Twenty-four (24) sampling stations were installed and monitored. The minimums, maximums, and yearly averages of water quality data obtained from these stations are listed in Table 65 on Page 230.

Plate <u>66</u> graphically illustrates the monthly relationship between stream flow, pollution load, and weather elements within the watershed based on measurements taken at Sampling Station #406 located near Yellow Creek State Park.

Peak average flows and contamination loads occurred during April and May with lows recorded during the fall months pH levels fluctuated very little over the year with the lowest average of 6.1 recorded during October, March, and April.

The Upper Portion of Yellow Creek contributed the following percentages of flow and pollution load to the total flow and load of Yellow Creek as measured at Sampling Station #409 near Homer City: Flow - 80%; Acidity - 5%; Iron - 22%; and Sulfate - 44%.

An average flow of approximately <u>21,250,000</u> gallons of water per day was measured at Sampling Station #406.

d. Coal Mining Activity General

Coal mining in the Upper Portion of the Yellow Creek Watershed has been concentrated in the Alverda-Heilwood area which has been extensively mined principally in Lower Freeport (D) seam. Most of the coal resources have been exhausted. Map Sheets 7, 8, and 11, Appendix A show the locations and extent of both deep and strip mines.

Deep Mines

There is presently only one deep mine, Valley #8, in operation. The Heilwood and Alverda complexes which are interconnected and have openings within the watershed also-have workings that extend into the Little Yellow Creek and Blacklick Creek Watersheds.

Table $\underline{66}$ shown on Page $\underline{234}$, lists the major abandoned mines and the following information: Type of opening, total number of openings, seam mined, maximum head, whether or not the mine is draining water, and number of acres mined.

Table 65
Water Quality Data-

Sampling Station	Flow		pH Range	Acid Load Lbs./Day	Acid:	•	Iron Mg./			fate /L.
406	Max. 6	5,305	3.8 - 6.2	930	Max.	50	Max.	7	Max.	350
		1,831			Min.	1	Min.	0	Min.	17
		4,757			Ave.	5	Ave.	1	Ave.	149
305	Max.	5,085	4.1 - 7.6	106	Max.	26	Max.	1	Max.	125
	Min.	110			Min.	2	Min.	0	Min.	6
	Ave.	2,074			Ave.	4	Ave.	0.2	Ave.	19
301	Max.	6,400	3.8 - 6.9	724	Max.	18	Max.	3	Max.	2,400
	Min.	382			Min.	2	Min.	0.04	Min.	160
	Ave.	6,000			Ave.	10	Ave.	0.4	Ave.	371
236	Max.	18	4.3 - 5.7	8	Max.	70	Max.	12	Max.	140
	Min.	1			Min.	44	Min.	4	Min.	8 9
	Ave.	10			Ave.	62	Ave.	8	Ave.	111
226	Max.	11	4.9 - 5.8	1	Max.	94	Max.	28	Max.	62 5
	Min.	1			Min.	8	Min.	0.5	Min.	100
	Ave.	9			Ave.	13	Ave.	1	Ave.	124
225	Max.	289	4.9 - 6.0	418	Max.	828	Max.	1	Max.	780
	Min.	145			Min.	14	Min.	0.4	Min.	480
	Ave.	221			Ave.	157	Ave.	1	Ave.	664
224	Max.	94	4.8 - 6.0	3	Max.	8	Max.	50	Max.	400
	Min.	15			Min.	2	Min.	0.1	Min.	250
	Ave.	39			Ave.	6	Ave.	0.2	Ave.	342
196	Max.	1,215	4.3 - 5.1	610	Max.	130	Max.	18	Max.	1,500
	Min.	84			Min.	22	Min.	1	Min.	420
	Ave.	800			Ave.	63	Ave.	3	Ave.	72 5

Table 65 Continued

Water Quality Data

Sampling Station	Flow GPM	pH <u>Range</u>	Acid Load Lbs./Day	Acidity Mg./L.	Iron Mg./L.	Sulfate Mg./L.
191	Max. 1,277 Min. 236 Ave. 800	5.1 - 5.6	21	Max. 8 Min. 1 Ave. 3	Max. 1 Min. 0.2 Ave. 0.5	Max. 32 Min. 5 Ave. 8
152	Max. 14 Min. 1 Ave. 4	4.6 - 6.5	0	Max. 10 Min. 2 Ave. 4	Max. 0.3 Min. 0.01 Ave. 0.1	Max. 34 Min. 11 Ave. 22
148	Max. 71 Min. 1 Ave. 16	4.9 - 6.5	1	Max. 44 Min. 2 Ave. 6	Max. 1 Min. 0 Ave. 1	Max. 375 Min. 57 Ave. 142
146	Max. 23 Min. 4 Ave. 9	4.5 - 5.4	1	Max. 26 Min. 4 Ave. 11	Max. 0.4 Min. 0.05 Ave. 0.2	Max. 380 Min. 80 Ave. 195
145	Max. 181 Min. 1 Ave. 48		8	Max. 360 Min. 2 Ave. 13	Max. 1 Min. 0.02 Ave. 0.5	Max. 450 Min. 95 Ave. 158
125	Max. 115 Min. 1 Ave. 29		8	Max. 170 Min. 6 Ave. 23	Max. 10 Min. 0.2 Ave. 2	Max. 1,600 Min. 225 Ave. 650
124	Max. 108 Min. 4 Ave. 32		9	Max. 44 Min. 7 Ave. 23	Max. 2 Min. 0.05 Ave. 1	Max. 500 Min. 175 Ave. 453
117	Max. 1,010 Min. 2 Ave. 439		97	Max. 146 Min. 6 Ave. 18	Max. 6 Min. 1 Ave. 3	Max. 750 Max. 40 Ave. 473

Table 65 Continued

Water Quality Data

Sampling Station		low GPM	pH Range	Acid Load Lbs./Day	Acid Mg./	-	Iron Mg./			fate /L.
115	Max.	1,377	4.6 - 6.7	14	Max.	28	Max.	14	Max.	720
	Min.	6			Min.	2	Min.	1	Min.	45
	Ave.	162			Ave.	7	Ave.	5	Ave.	142
107	Max.	56	5.0 - 7.8	0	Max.	20	Max.	3.	Max.	375
	Min.	1			Min.	2	Min.	0.1	Min.	10
	Ave.	1			Ave.	6	Ave.	1	Ave.	207
106	Max.	356	5.0 - 8.0	5	Max.	16	Max.	1	Max.	375
	Min.	17			Min.	2	Min.	0.1	Min.	41
	Ave.	70			Ave.	6	Ave.	0.5	Ave.	91
91	Max.	819	4.4 - 7.6	27	Max.	22	Max.	1	Max.	350
	Min.	8			Min.	2	Min.	0.04	Min.	47
	Ave.	3 2 5			Ave.	7	Ave.	0.3	Ave.	108
88	Max.	2,988	4.6 - 7.7	2 5	Max.	20	Max.	1	Max.	750
	Min.	7			Min.	2	Min.	0.1	Min.	20
	Ave.	538			Ave.	4	Ave.	0.5	Ave.	167
73	Max.	571	4.1 - 6.0	35	Max.	82	Max.	1	Max.	1,550
	Min.	17			Min.	2	Min.	0.3	Min.	450
	Ave.	236			Ave.	30	Ave.	0.5	Ave.	660
72	Max.	137	4.6 - 5.9	3	Max.	10	Max.	3	Max.	500
	Min.	1			Min.	0	Min.	0	Min.	145
	Ave.	53			Ave.	4	Ave.	,1	Ave.	294
71	Max.	813	4.2 - 6.9	17	Max.	28	Max.	1	Max.	150
	Min.	3			Min.	2	Min.	0.1	Min.	12
	Ave.	113			Ave.	13	Ave.	1	Ave.	57

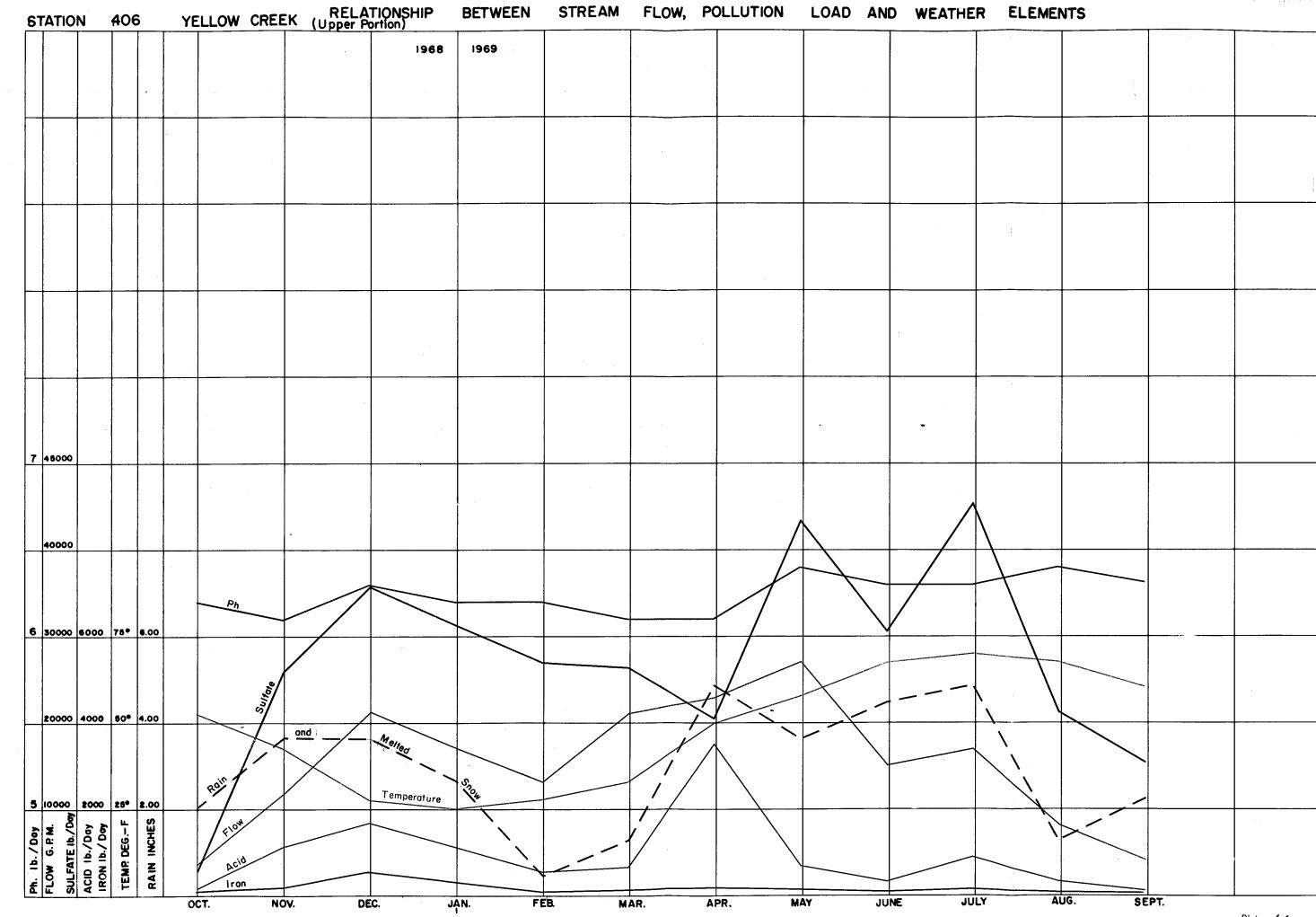


Table 66

Abandoned Mines

Upper Portion, Yellow Creek Watershed

	e of ine	Type of Opening	Seam Mined	Draining Water	Total No. Openings	Area Mined (Acres)	Maximum Head (Feet)
1.	Heilwood #1*	Drift	D	x	8 .	601	369
2.	Heilwood #2**	Drift	D	X	4	1,030	202
3.	Heilwood #3**	Drift	D	X	5	244	262
4.	Heilwood #4	Drift	D	X	4	73	70
5.	Heilwood #5	Drift	D	X	4	209	271
6.	Heilwood #6*	Drift	D	X	2	367	115
7.	Heilwood #7*	Drift	D	X	6	532	70
8.	Heilwood #8*	Drift	D	X	2	526	171
9.	Heilwood #10	Drift	В	-	1	2	
10.	Cameron's Bottom	Drift	В	х	3	27	50
11.	Glenside #9*	Slope	D	-	3	452	-
12.	Pine #1*	Slope	D	_	2	359	-
13.	Clement #1 Dip	Slope	D	-	4	104	-
14.	No. 11 Dip*	Slope	D	X	3	314	40
15.	Valley #4***	Drift	D	_	2	11	-
16.	Valley #5***	Drift	D	-	1	12	-
17.	Valley #6***	Drift	D	-	1	8	-
18.	Valley #7***	Drift	D .	-	3	41	-

^{*}Indicates interconnected Heilwood-Alverda Complexes which are draining into Yellow Creek.

^{**}Heilwood Nos. 2 and 3 are interconnected.

^{***}Valley Mines are interconnected.

Table <u>67</u>

<u>Major Mine Drainage Sources</u>

Upper Portion, Yellow Creek Watershed

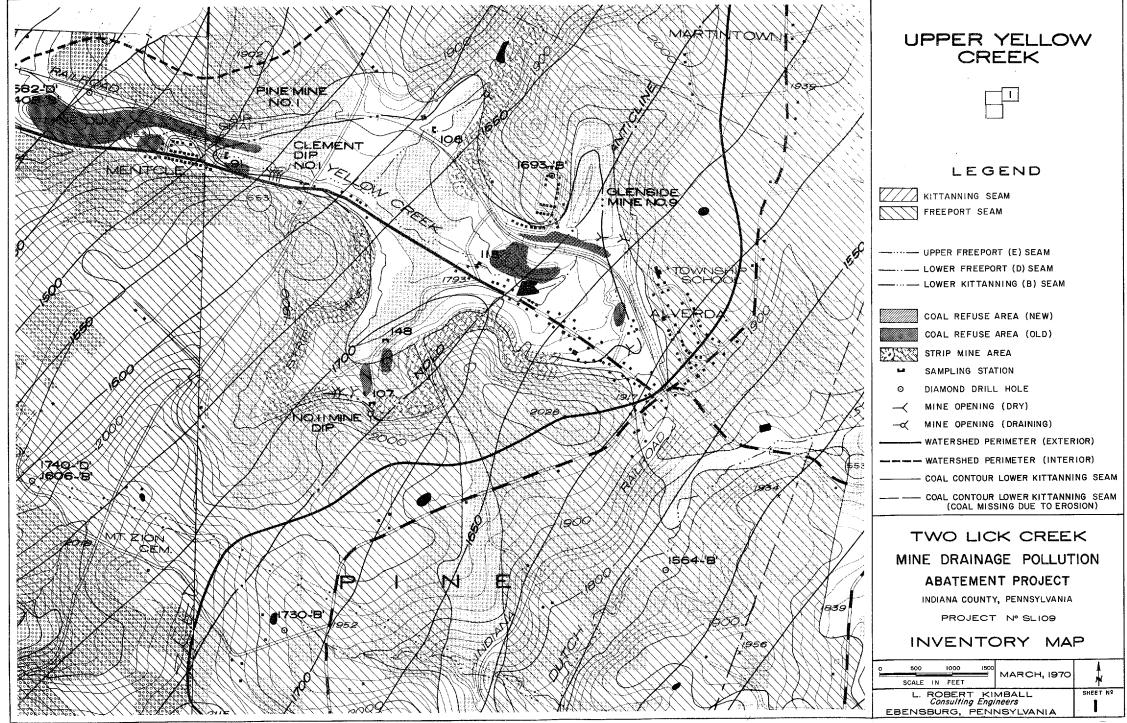
	Source cription	Flow GPM	Sampling Station(s)	Pollutio Acid	on Load - Iron	Lbs./Day Sulfate	Combined Maximum Head (Feet)
1.	Leonard Run* Coal Tipple Coal Refuse	3 2 0	196 (Minus 71, 72, 73, 125, 224, 236)	485	27	4,444	-
2.	Heilwood #2 and #3 Mines	250	125, 225	427	3	1,999	262
3.	Heilwood #1, #6, #7, and #8 Glenside #9 Pine #1 Clement #1 Dip and #11 Dip Mines	439	117	97	2	473	369
4.	Valley #4, #5, #6, #7, and #8 Coal Refuse Piles	2 36	73	80	1	1,783	-
5.	Heilwood #2 Strip Mine	113	71	17	1 ,	78	
6.	Glenside #9 Coal Refuse	162	115	14	1	277	, -
7.	Heilwood #4 Mine	32	124	9	0	173	70
8.	Cameron's Bottom Mine	10	236	. 8	1	134	50

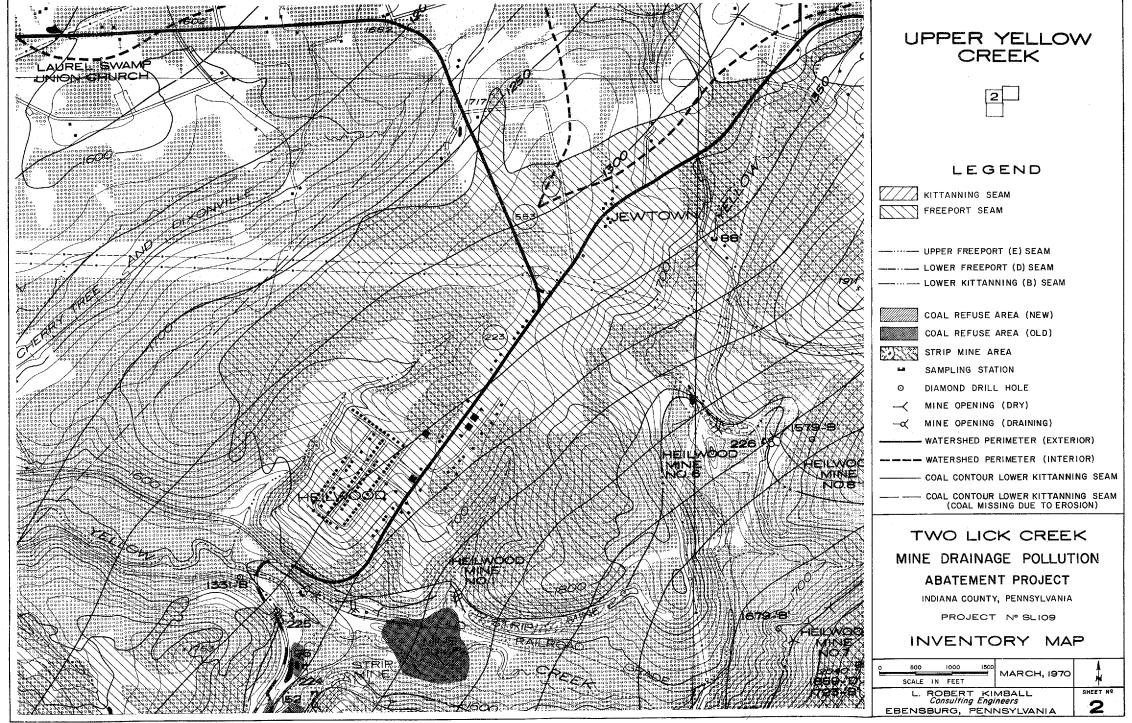
Table 67 Continued

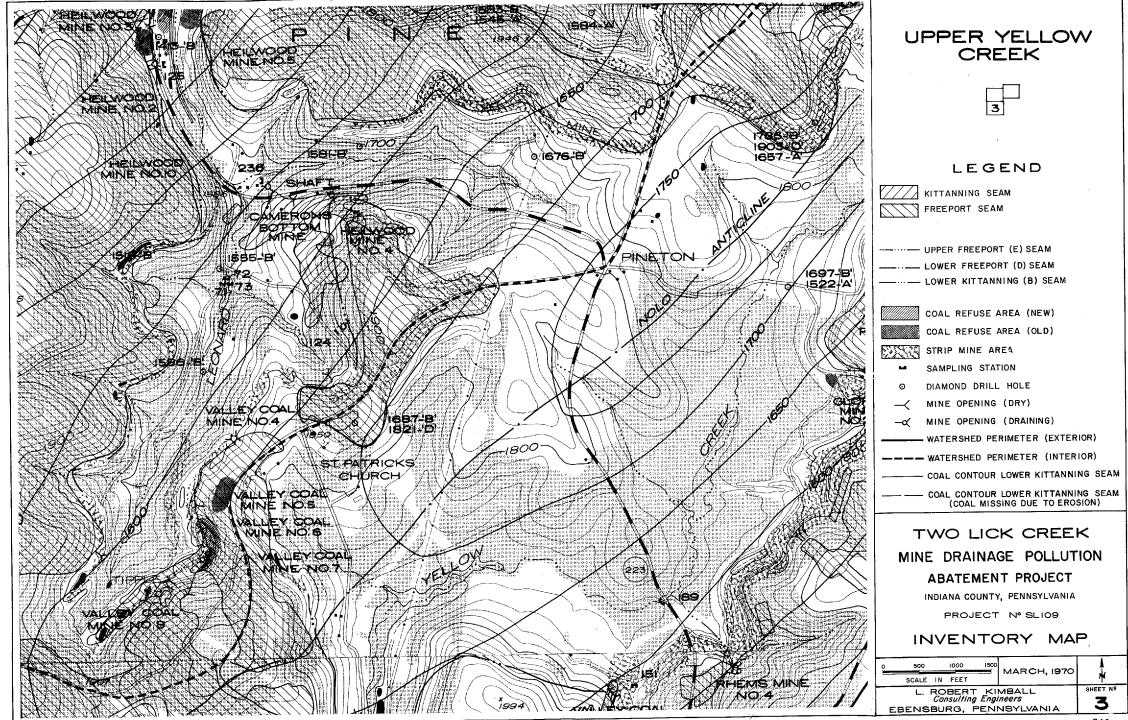
Major Mine Drainage Sources

	Source ecription	Flow GPM	Sampling Station(s)	Pollutio Acid	n Load - Iron	Lbs./Day Sulfate	Combined Maximum Head (Feet)
9.	Pine #1 and Clement #1 Dip Coal Refuse	306	88 (Minus 106 and 115)	6	1	72 8) () () -
10.	Glenside #9 Drift and Strip Mine	42	106 and Estimate	5	0	76	27
11.	Valley Strip Mine	42	73 and Estimate	5	0	100	-

^{*}Denotes active mine source







f. Recommended Abatement Procedures - Cost Benefication

Recommended abatement treatments and related costs are listed for the various sources of pollution in Table 68.

All treatments and costs are based on data described in Section X.

A key to define the recommended abatement procedures is shown on Page 244.

Two abatement plans, a primary and alternate, are recommended for rehabilitation of the watershed.

Plan A is recommended as the primary plan and Plan B as the alternate.

An estimated effectiveness of 75% reduction of pollution load is assigned for each recommended treatment in both plans.*

Plan A is based on an arbitrary maximum cost of \$1,000.00 per pound of acid load abated and will provide an estimated reduction of acid load in the magnitude of 82% for the watershed.

Plan B is based on an arbitrary cost of \$400.00 per pound of acid load abated and will provide an estimated reduction of acid load of approximately 78% for the watershed.

Table <u>68a</u> lists the sources to be abated, the amount of benefication, and costs associated with both plans.

*With the exception of treatment plants which are assigned an effectiveness of 100% reduction of pollution load.

Table <u>68</u>

Recommended Abatement Procedures - Cost Benefication

Sou	irce Name	Pollution Order	Recommended Treatment Procedures	Total Cost \$	Cost Per Pound \$	Total Abatement Lbs. Acid/Day
1.	Heilwood #2 Strip Mine	5	6A - Pond	\$ 4,260	\$ 360.94	13
2.	Valley Strip Mine	11	6A - R2	2,145	564.47	4
3.	Heilwood #4 Mine	7	l Seal	11,000	1,617.65	7
4.	Glenside #9 Drift Mine	10	1 Seal	11,000	2,894.74	4
5.	Cameron's Bottom Mine	8	2 Seals	22,000	3,666.67	6
6.	Glenside #9 Refuse Pile	6	9A - R1 - SC	53,955	5,138.57	10
7.	Pine #1 and Clement #1 Dip Refuse Pile	9	24A - R1 - SC	143,880	31,973.33	<u>4</u>
	Total all Sources			\$2 48 ,2 40		48

Table 68a

Benefication - Recommended Plans

Plan	Above Sources Abated	Benefication Pollution Reduction Acid Lbs./Day - % of Total	Benefication Pollution Reduction Iron Lbs./Day - % of Total	Benefication Pollution Reduction Sulfate Lbs./Day - % of Total	Total Cost
A	1 - 2	17 - 1%	1 - 3%	133 - 1%	\$6,765
B		13 - 1%	1 - 3%	58 - 0.6%	4,620

KEY TO RECOMMENDED ABATEMENT PROCEDURES

- R1 Grass and legumes Method #1
- R2 Grass and legumes Method #2
- R3 Seedlings
- F Flumes
- D Ditching
- B Terrace backfill
- A Acreage on strip mines and refuse piles
- RP Standard Refuse Pile Reclamation
- RB Refuse Burial and Reclamation
- SC Soil Cover
- Plant Treatment Plant
- Pond Pond Construction and Reclamation
- Seal Mine Seal