MINE DRAINAGE ABATEMENT SURVEY YELLOW CREEK WATERSHED BUTLER COUNTY, PENNSYLVANIA

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Milton J. Shapp, Governor

Department of Environmental Resources
Maurice Goddard, Secretary

October, 1974



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October 30, 1974

Commonwealth of Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources 512 Education Building Harrisburg, Pennsylvania

Attention: Dr. Maurice K. Goddard, Secretary

Re: Mine Drainage Abatement Survey

Yellow Creek Watershed Our File No. 7053 Project No. SL-158

Gentlemen:

We are pleased to present our Report on the Yellow Creek Watershed Mine Drainage Abatement Survey, Project No. SL-158, located in Muddy Creek and Lancaster Townships, Butler County. This Report contains our findings, recommendations and a preliminary cost estimate for the work needed to be performed to minimize the discharge of acid mine drainage into Yellow Creek and its tributaries.

We appreciate the opportunity of serving as your Consultant and assure you of our continued cooperation throughout the implementation of this program.

Respectfully submitted,

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY

N. Stratakis, Vice President

Environmental Engineering Division

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1.0 INTRODUCTION

The Yellow Creek Watershed, located in Muddy Creek and Lancaster Townships of Butler County, Pennsylvania, has been an area of intensive mining activity since the late nineteenth century. While no subsurface mining activity is being performed at present, extensive strip mining operations are still taking place. Drainage from these strip mining operations and their associated refuse piles, and drainage from abandoned deep mines has severely degraded stream quality within the watershed.

In December of 1970 the Pennsylvania Department of Mines and Mineral Industries, presently part of the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources, engaged Green Engineering Company to conduct an engineering survey of the Yellow Creek Watershed under the "Operation Scarlift" land reclamation program. The survey was performed for the purpose of determining the extent of pollution within the watershed due to acid mine drainage and for determining appropriate abatement measures that could be utilized to reduce the pollution load. The data collected during the survey should be utilized in preparing construction plans and specifications for the recommended drainage control facilities within the study area.

2.0 DESCRIPTION OF THE STUDY AREA

The Yellow Creek Watershed lies within Muddy Creek and Lancaster Townships of Butler County, Pennsylvania, within the Appalachia Plateau and is a maturely dissected region where the tributary streams such as Yellow Creek, have cut the uplands into numerous narrow ridges with steep hillsides rising from generally narrow valley bottoms.

Yellow Creek has its source in Muddy Creek Township and flows nearly due south 7.2 miles to its confluence with Little Connoquenessing Creek approximately 2 miles northeast of Harmony, Pennsylvania. This Basin is roughly rectangular in shape with a length of approximately 7 miles and an average width of approximately 2.5 miles. The drainage area above the mouth of Yellow Creek is approximately 16.4 square miles. Although the stream pattern of the basin could be considered dendritic, it has some rectangular characteristics with a predominant number of its tributaries flowing into the main channel from a northwesterly direction. Yellow Creek has three principal tributaries, Little Yellow Creek and two unnamed tributaries dubbed here as Bauder Road Tributary and Kelly Road Tributary. Each of these tributaries drains an area of approximately one to two square miles. Plates 1 and 2 delineate the location of the study area and the streams within the Study Basin.

The Yellow Creek Drainage Basin has experienced extensive mining activity since the late nineteenth century. The valley bottom is characterized by deep mine openings from dog hole country bank mines to extensive deep mining operations similar to the Stanford Number 1 and 2 mining complex. There are no active deep mines in operations working at present. The hillsides are characterized by extensive strip mines, several of which are still being actively mined within the Basin. During the course of the study, many of the older un-restored strip mines were stripped again for an underlying seam of coal and then restored. This restoration should have a measurable impact on the improvement of the water quality in Yellow Creek.

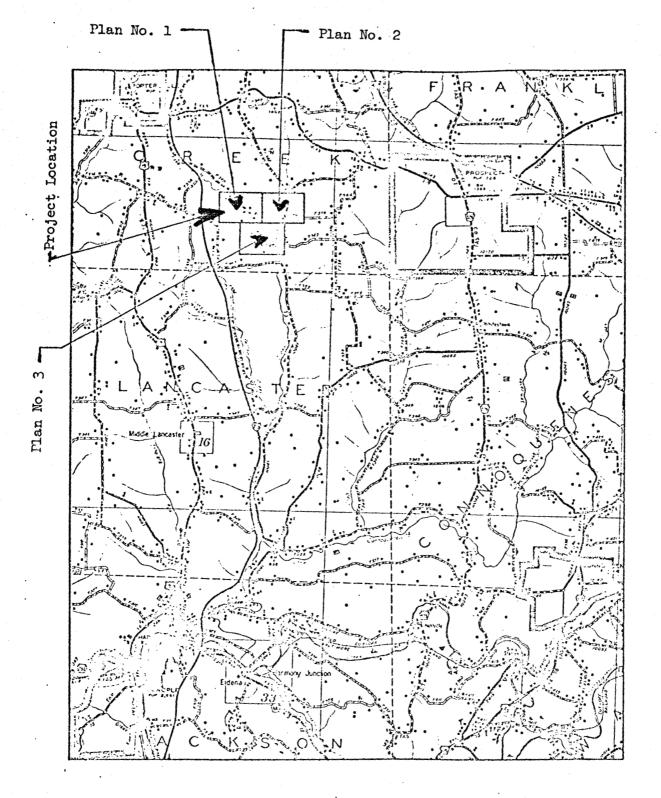
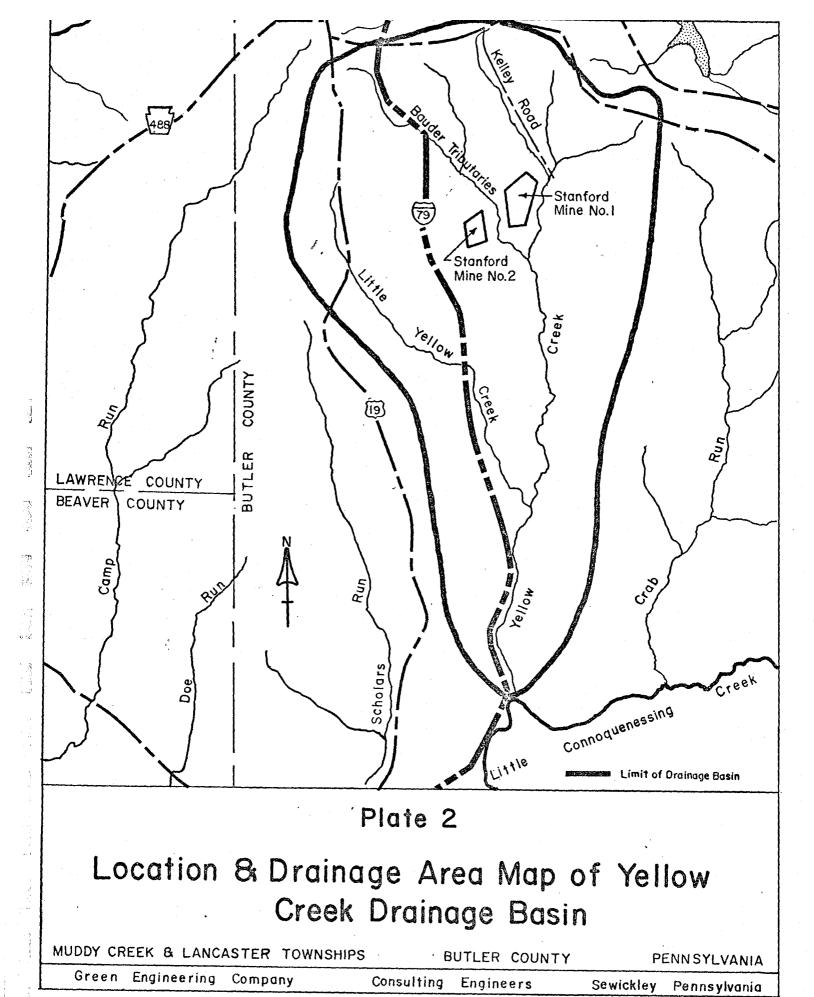


PLATE - 1

VICINITY MAP

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN - PROJECT LOCATION



3.0 METHODOLOGY

In January of 1971, preliminary investigations of the Yellow

Creek Watershed began. Field Engineers walked the Yellow Creek Valley and its

tributaries during a period from January to April to locate and identify sources of

mine drainage. Measurements of pH and flow were taken at selected discharges and at

regular intervals along the streams. Flow determinations were made with a stop watch

and container at small discharges and weirs were installed wherever possible at

larger discharges. Flow was also measured by cross sectional area and by using a Gurley

Velocity Meter to determine flow in the stream bed itself. In all, over 260 monitoring

stations were established for preliminary investigation.

Subsequent investigations were instituted at regular intervals throughout 1971 in a continuing atempt to pinpoint the major sources of mine drainage. In addition to field pH and flow measurements, samples were obtained and sent to the Seewald Laboratory in Williamsport, Pennsyl vania for analysis of pH, alkalinity, acidity, total iron concentration, ferrous iron and sulfate concentration. After completion of these analyses, a sulfate balance was performed as a reliability check. In addition to the field explorations and sampling program, all available mine maps, aerial photographs and mine drainage permits issued within the study area were evaluated to determine the extent of mining within the Yellow Creek Drainage Basin.

Subsurface information needed for the proper design of mine seals and grout curtains was obtained by awarding a contract for core borings and pressure testing in accordance with contract documents prepared

for this purpose. This contract was awarded by the Department of Environmental Resources, with resident inspection performed by Green Engineering Company.

L.O GEOLOGY OF STUDY AREA

Physiographically, Yellow Creek Basin is in the Pittsburgh Plateaus Section of the Appalachian Plateaus Province. The area is characterized by a series of steep-sided ridges bisected by narrow valleys. The crests of the numerous ridges rise, in general, to elevations between 1,200 to 1,300 feet above sea level. Valley floors vary in elevation between 850 to 900 feet, the higher elevations being in the northern area of the Basin. The normal topographic relief in the project limits is in the magnitude of 250 to 350 feet.

Tributary streams arranged in dendritic patterns provide the drainage of the east-west cross valleys of the Basin. These streams empty into the southerly flowing Yellow Creek, which in turn joins Little Connoquenessing Creek approximately two miles above Harmony Borough. Drainage from the area ultimately reaches the Ohio River by way of Connoquenessing Creek.

Bedrock Geology

The rock strata within the project area are sedimentary in origin.

Outcropping rocks include the tower portion of the Conemaugh and upper portion of the Allegheny formations. These are members of the Pennsylvanian Period and the Carboniferous System.

Conformably overlying the Allegheny formation, the Conemaugh formation consists of a sequence of shale, sandstone, thin discontinuous

limestone, and coal beds. The predominant Conemaugh rocks in the project area are shales and sandstones which are gradationally variable to claystone and siltstone. The members of the formation present are restricted to those of the Lower Mahoning below the Brush Creek coal horizon.

The bedrock units exposed in the highwalls of strip mines and other outcroppings indicate that the shales are deeply weathered and vary from sandy to clayey. The Mahoning sandstones here are shale and appear grayish when fresh, to buff colored when exposed or, weathered.

Members of the Allegheny formation present and outcropping in the Yellow Creek Basin extend from the Upper Freeport Coal to those strata lying between the Middle and Lower Kittanning Coals. Similar to the Conemaugh formation, the Allegheny consists of a variable sequence of shale, sandstone, limestone and coal seams. However, the coal beds of the Allegheny are extremely valuable and have been extensively exploited in the Basin.

Coal beds of influence within the project limits, in descending order, are the Upper Freeport, Lower Freeport, Upper Kittanning, Middle Kittanning and Lower Kittanning. These are commonly referred to as the E, D, C', C and B seams, respectively.

The Generalized Geologic Column (Plate 3) at the end of this section, depicts the conformable occurrence of the geologic strata in the project area. In addition, the occurrence of the geologic formations within the Basin are shown on the Aerial Geology Map, (Plate 4). Included thereon, are the regional structural contours drawn on the Vanport

Limestone. These have been extracted from the publication, "Geology and Mineral Resources of the Butler and Zelienople Quadrangles, Pennsylvania, U.S.G.S. Bulletin 873."

Mining

Generally, deep mining within the Basin was completed prior to 1936, however, a few exceptions such as the Stanford Mines were active into the mid 1960's.

On the other hand, strip mining activities are presently in operation within the Basin. Much of the past strip mining was completed prior to the advent of stripping regulations. Consequently, the scars of past stripping operations remain in many areas.

For the most part, deep mining operations appear to have been confined to the coals of the Middle Kittanning and underlying seams. Again, there are exceptions and "country bank" openings in the higher coal seams are in evidence. Some deep mines in the higher coals have now been obliterated by stripping operations completed after the deep mines were abandoned.

In several areas of the Basin, as many as three strip mine levels are visible. However, these are predominantly restricted to the extreme northern end of the Basin and the normal, pattern would appear to be confined to. the stripping of the Upper and Lower Freeport seams.

Structure

The area of the project is located on the southeastern limb of the Homewood anticline. The anticline plunges southwesterly in the direction of Ellwood City, Beaver County, and the axis of this structure

crosses the northwestern corner of the Zelienople Quadrangle some five to six miles north and west of the project area.

Measurements taken of the bedding attitudes in the Basin indicate the axis of the anticline strikes between N 340° W and N $_{355^{\circ}}$ W with the Geologic Structure plunge varying from 7° S to 15° S. Therefore, the major rock strata dip is toward the westerly side of the Yellow Creek Valley walls and the north side of the major cross valleys.

Ground Water

In accordance with the direction of the rock strata dip, groundwater was observed on the west and north walls of the valleys where springs and/or seepage from deep mines were observed. Extensive ponding in strip mines not backfilled was not observed, and it is concluded that the major volumes of gravitational water normally finds outlet in the abandoned deep mine workings.

The springs which were noted are considered to be the result of "Semiperched" conditions created when gravitational waters encounter a less
permeable strata such as a clayey shale. In these cases, the groundwater moves
along the less permeable strata and emerges from the subsurface as springs on
the hillside.

The greatest concentration of flows observed appear in the areas of the Stanford Mines Complex. Here the extensive mine workings act as reservoirs into which gravitational waters flow and are stored to be released through mine openings and along the crop line of the adjacent strip mines.

Core Boring and Pressure Testing Data

Following the determination that reclamation work within the Basin should be confined to the areas adjacent to and including the Stanford

Number 1 and 2 deep mines and strip mines, a core boring and pressure testing program was completed to more accurately define the characteristics of the bedrock strata above and below the coal seam. This work was accomplished by Geo-Mechanics, Incorporated under contract SL-158-101.5 with the Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources. The Contractor's activities were supervised and inspected by Green Engineering Company personnel as the work progressed during August and September, 1972.

Core Boring Statistics

During the time core boring work was in progress, a total of sixteen (16) holes were drilled into the undisturbed rock strata adjacent to mine drifts between the mine workings and the crop line. The aggregate depth drilled throughout the project was 892.0 linear feet. Diamond drill core samples of the rock were obtained from the borings and these, together with the soil samples of the overburden, were logged in detail by the Consultant's Geologists. The geologist's logs are included in this report in Appendix "A". The hole numbers shown on the logs are not consecutive, as it was found that certain of the scheduled borings were not necessary for the evaluation of the rock strata.

Pressure Testing Statistics

In addition to obtaining core samples of the bedrock and samples of the overburden soils, pressure testing of the bedrock, where considered pertinent, was completed to further define the characteristics of the strata. This was accomplished for the purpose of establishing a need for grout curtains to seal the coal seam along the crop line adjacent to the mine workings.

The pressure testing was performed in the field using an NX-size double packer with the packers spaced five (5) feet apart and connected with a perforated pipe.

The tests were performed in two (2) parts. First, the packer was set at the prescribed depth and a Flow Test run for five (5) minutes at a pressure determined by the Engineer. Secondly, a Holding Test was performed immediately after the Flow Test. The pressure gauge was read as to the amount of time that was required for the water pressure to drop in 10 pound increments.

The pressure tests were confined for the most part to the strata immediately above the coal, the coal seam and the strata subjacent to the coal seam. On the other hand, the holding tests were conducted to include the rock strata up to a maximum of twelve (12) feet above the top of the coal.

A summary of the pressure testing results is shown in the following Table, and Work Sheets submitted by the Contractor are included in Appendix "B".

DATA ON FLOW TESTS

Boring	Depth		Rock	Press. Gauge	Water Injected
No.	From '		Type	PSI	Gals./Min.
2	50.0	55.	Coal	50	23.9
	55.0	60.0	Siltstone	50	20.1
	+8.5	53.5	Coal	50	26.0
	53.5	58.5	Claystone	30	13.3
4	49.5	54.	Coal	20	16.8
	54.5	59.	Claystone	24	17.0
5	35.0 40.0 45.0	40. 0 45. 50.	Siltstone Coal Claystone	50 50 50	00.0 19.8 20.0
21	59.0	64. 0	Coal	50	19.4
22	65.0	70.0	Coal	50	21.3
	70.0	75.0	Claystone	50	25.2

From the results of the pressure testing, it was determined that the permeability of the various strata range from 625 to

1,800 feet per year. This is indicative of the fact that the rocks have a capability to transmit water at rates varying from moderate to high.

Summary

A study of the core boring logs indicates that claystone, shale, sandstone and siltstone strata are the rock types present within the zone which will be directly affected by the mine pools after sealing has been completed. As shown on the boring logs, numerous vertical fractures were noted in the cores and the relatively thin bedded nature of the strata is evidenced by the extremely low Rock Quality Designation (RQD) measurements predominating throughout the cores.

The combination of thin bedding and fracturing is conducive to transmission of water through the rock strata. The pump testing results verified this condition; therefore, it will be necessary to include grout curtains at the more critical points along the crop lines.

For purposes of determining the hydrostatic head which will be built up within the mine workings after sealing, several factors must be considered:

1) The Stanford Mines are, in fact, isolated areas, since strip mining and deep mining have been completed to the north, south, northeast and east of their locations.

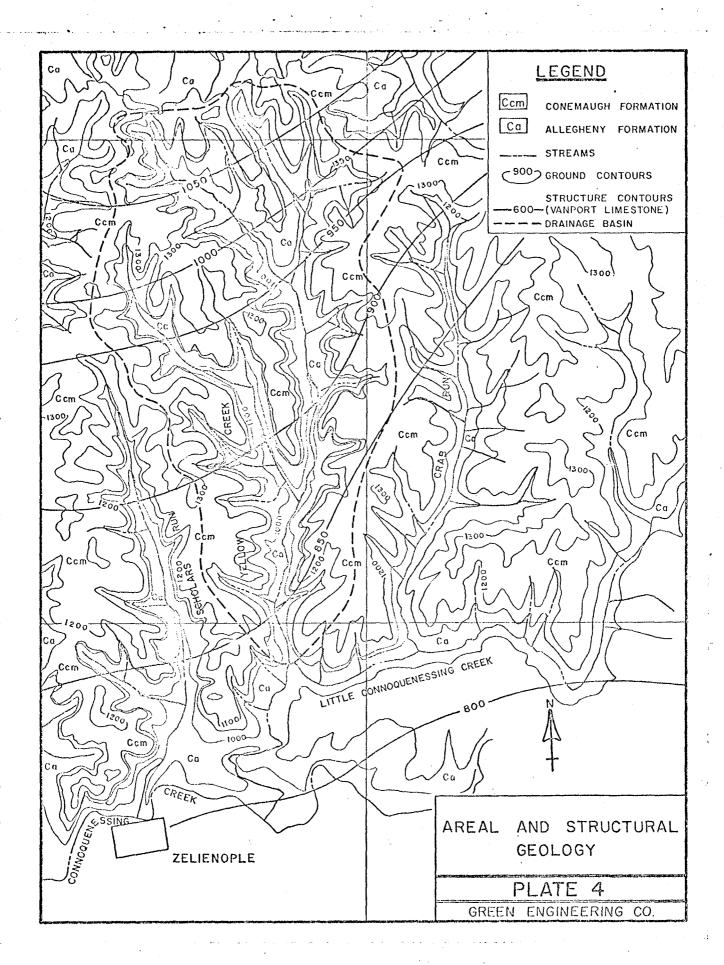
- 2) Ample flows of water from these adjacent mines preclude the possibility of a continuous head being built over a large area.
- 3) The maximum elevation that the mine pool will be allowed to reach in the Stanford No. 1 Mine is between 1,100 and 1,105. A control facility should be provided in the design to regulate flow at this elevation.
- 4) The rock strata dips away from the openings of the Stanford Number 2

 Mine; that is, the coal elevation of the openings is at the highest point in the mine.
- 5) The pool elevation in the Stanford Number 2 Mine should also be regulated at 1,100 to 1,1105 by inclusion of a control facility in the design.

As a result of these factors, the maximum hydrostatic head of water within each of these mines will be equivalent to the difference in elevation between the highest points and/or the elevation of the control facility and the lowest elevation of the coal at crop line.

The control facility should be a structure similar to an air-seal lock.

In the Stanford Number 1 Mine, the hydrostatic head is anticipated to be the difference between elevation 1,105 and elevation 1,060, or 45 feet. In terms of pounds per square inch, this is the equivalent of 19.5 p.s.i. Almost identical conditions will result in the Stanford Number 2 Mine. It is probable, therefore, that a successful grout curtain can be achieved since the head will not be excessive.



1				The second secon	(<u> </u>	والمستقيدة أبياء	garaga ayayay nga 🗗 i sabarahanay ngagaya sa nayya aya na nada sabarahana ayay ayay ayadan anna sa nasa sa na na								
			CONEMAUGH	BUFFALO SANDSTONE		THICK-TO THIN-BEDDED ARK	OSIC SANDSTONE AND SANDY SHALE								
					BRUSH CREEK COAL	X	VARIABLE LENS OF COAL; 4 FEET THICK.	LOCALLY MINABLE; O TO MORE THAN							
				MAHONING: RED SHALE AND MAHONING LIME- STONE SANDSTONE		SANDSTONE AND SANDY SHAL UPPER SANDY ZONES, SEPAR, CLAY, AND LIMESTONE. RED S AGE 30 TO 40 FEET ABOVE USEFUL HORIZON MARKER	LE, DIVISIBLE INTO LOWER AND ATED BY THIN LENSES OF COAL, HALE OCCURING ON AN AVER- UPPER FREEPORT COAL, SERVES AS								
				UPPER FREEPORT COAL	77.7	WIDELY DISTRIBUTED AND MIN	ED, LOCALLY ABSENT; O TO MORE								
				DUTI ED CANDATONE	F, L, L, C, L, F, L,	THAN 5 FEET THICK.									
				BUTLER SANDSTONE		O TO 30+ FEET THICK.	UM-TO FINE-GRAINED ARKOSE;								
		2		LOWER FREEPORT COAL		VARIABLE, LOCALLY ABSENT (LESS THAN 2 TO LORE THAN 5 FEET								
	CARBONIFEROUS PENNSYLVANIAN		J				UPPER KITTANNING COAL		VARIABLE AND NONPERSISTE THICK.	ENT IN PLACES MORE THAN 3 FEET					
				MIDDLE KITTANNING COAL		FAIRLY PERSISTENT; PROSPEC AVERAGES BETWEEN 30 AM	TED AND MINED AT MANY PLACES; ND 40 INCHES THICK.								
					LOWER KITTANNING COAL		VARIABLE ; O TO 3 FEET 4 INC	HES THICK							
														VANPORT LIMESTONE SCRUBGRASS COAL CLARION COAL	
				BROOKVILLE COAL		HORIZON REPRESENTED BY S	SHALE OR BY COAL GENERALLY LESS								
								HOMEWOOD SANDSTONE		THICK-TO THIN-BEDDED FINE	E-TO COARSE-GRAINED, LOCALLY CON- N PLACES REPLACED BY SANDY SS ABOUT 50 FEET.				
			TSVILLE	JANUAR SANDO TORRE			GENERALIZED GEOLOGIC COLUMN VERT. SCALE I"= 50'								
			P01	MERCER SHALE		FISSILE DARK CLAY SHALE AND THIN LENSES OF LIME-	PLATE 3								
					STONE AND COAL AVERAGE THICKNESS BETWEEN 20	GREEN ENGINEERING CO.									

5.0 STREAM QUALITY EVALUATION

The field sampling and analysis program initiated for this study revealed a proliferation of mine drainage discharges from abandoned strip mines and deep mines scattered throughout the watershed, but the major concentration of pollutants enter the stream near the headwaters of Yellow Creek above the junction of Yellow Creek and the Bauder Road Tributary. Samples taken near the mouth of Yellow Creek, while high in iron and sulfate concentrations, exhibit a residual alkalinity. The residual alkalinity is attributed to alkaline tributaries entering Yellow Creek below the major mine drainage discharges located in the headwaters of the Basin.

The abandoned Stanford Number 1 and 2 mining complex, located in the headwaters of the basins and consisting of deep mines, strip mines and refuse piles, was determined to be the major source of acid mine drainage pollution. Flow measurements and chemical composition indicated that these discharges had the largest flows, highest concentration of iron, sulfate and acidity, and the lowest pH.

Harmony Borough Water Authority

The Harmony Borough Water Authority obtains its source of water from Little Connoquenessing Creek. The water treatment plant intake is located approximately 2.1 miles below the confluence of Yellow Creek and Little Connoquenessing Creek. The Authority has submitted an analysis of the raw water for the years 1955 to 1968 inclusive and for the year 1974and claims that the acidity has been increasing because of acid mine drainage from abandoned coal mines located in the Yellow Creek Drainage Basin.

A tabulation of the average pumping rates and associated acidity and alkalinity expressed in milligrams per liter for the years 1955 to 1972 and for the year 1974 is given in the following Table. These results were supplied by the Harmony Borough Water Authority.

HARMONY BOROUGH WATER AUTHORITY AVERAGE RAW WATER ANALYSIS DATA

	Total Wat	cer			w Water Analysis	
	Pumped		Acidity	Alkalinity	Excess (1)	Excess (2)
Year	Gallons/d	lay pH	(1) mg./L.	(2) mg./L.	Acidity $mg./L.$	Alkalinity mg./L.
1955	42,400		15	20		5
1956	39,800		15	8	7	_
1957	43,800		10	15		5
1958	50,200		16	10	6	_
1959	49,400		13	16		3
1960	50,800		15	15		
1961	51+,100		16	19		3
1962	53,000		13	16		3
1963	51+,400		17	19		2
1964	60,900	6.8/7.	20	22		2
1965	83,700	6.8/7.	20	21		1
1966	80,700		19	23		4
1967	86,000	6.8/8.	27	22	5	
1968	97,500	6.4/7.	27	23	4	
1969		6.2/6.	23	23		
1970		6.2/7.	23	24		1
1971		6.4/7.	23	24		1
1972		6.6/7.	24	27		3
1974	125,00		23	22	1	
	0					

- (1) Acidity expressed as calcium carbonate
- (2) Alkalinity expressed as calcium carbonate

This Table indicates that the daily water consumption has increased from 42,400 to 125,000 gallons per day between 1955 and 1974. The Table also indicates that the acidity and alkalinity slightly increased between 1955 and 1964 and that these constituents have remained fairly constant for the years 1964 to 1974. The Harmony Borough Water Authority's analysis also indicates, in general, an excess alkalinity from 1955 to

1966 of approximately 3 milligrams per liter. During the years of 1967 through 1974 there was, in general, an excess acidity of approximately 2 milligrams. per liter. The analysis of alkalinity performed for this study generally confirms the concentration range being reported by the Authority. The excess of alkalinity or acidity in the range of 2 to 3 milligrams per liter would be classified as insignificant, since a precision of \pm 1 milligram per liter and an accuracy of \pm 3 milligrams per liter expressed as $CaCO_3$ is reported by Standard Methods for the tests.

PH measurements indicate that the water quality as measured by this parameter has remained stable for the years of 1964 to 1972. A more detailed analysis submitted by the Authority also indicates that the pH is higher during the summer months, a period of low flows. This occurs because of the photosynthesis process of algae using carbon dioxide.

The present laws regulating strip mine and deep mine coal operations should prevent any further increase in acidity due to future mining operations, and the proposed abatement plan will provide for a decrease in the acidity of Yellow Creek. Therefore, the overall alkalinity - acidity balance from the Yellow Creek Watershed should be improved.

Stream Quality

During the initiation of this study, Field Engineers walked the Yellow Creek Basin in an effort to locate discharges from abandoned strip mines and deep mines. The field reconnaissance was performed from January to April, 1971, and 261 sampling stations were selected for pH and flow measurements.

Appendix "C" lists the pH, flow measurements and general location of the 261 sampling stations, and Plate 5 shows the location of the sampling stations which were selected during this first sampling program. This Plate is color-coded to indicate the pH of discharges into Yellow Creek and its tributaries and the pH of the streams. The sampling station numbers marked with an "X" denotes a stream sampling station and a number without an "X" denotes a discharge sampling station discharging into a natural stream. The color code used on the Plate is as follows:

Blue	pH 7.0 - 8.5
Green	pH 6.0 - 7.0
Orange	pH 1+.0 6.0
Red	рн 2.0-
	4.0

The Plate shows that 24 out of the 261 sampling stations had a pH of 2.0 to 1+.0 with 20 out of 24 stations being discharges from abandoned and deep mines, which include seepages and overland flow. The remaining 4 stations monitored resultant stream quality. Most of the acid mine discharges were located in the headwaters of the Basin and, more specifically, emanated from the Stanford Number 1 and 2 mining complex located near the confluence of Bauder Road Tributary and Yellow Creek.

Sampling stations monitoring direct discharges and resultant water quality from the Stanford Number 1 and 2 mining complex with a pH of 2.0 to 4.0 are as follows

Sampling Stations	Sampling Stations
Stanford No. 1	Stanford No. 2
197X 200X 203 201+ 232	171 175X 176

The foregoing acid mine drainage discharge sampling stations had the highest flows and the most degrading effect upon stream quality within the Basin. The discharges had the distinct orange-red coloration of an acid mine discharge which stained the road ditches along Bauder Road and caused the standard "Yellowboy" coloration of the Bauder Road Tributary to Yellow Creek.

Subsequent investigations were instituted at regular intervals throughout 1971 in an attempt to pinpoint the major sources of mine drainage. Appendix "D" shows the results of flow measurements; pH, acidity, alkalinity, total iron, ferrous iron and sulfate for three sampling periods of March 29 to April 16, 1971; May 28 and June 14, 1971.

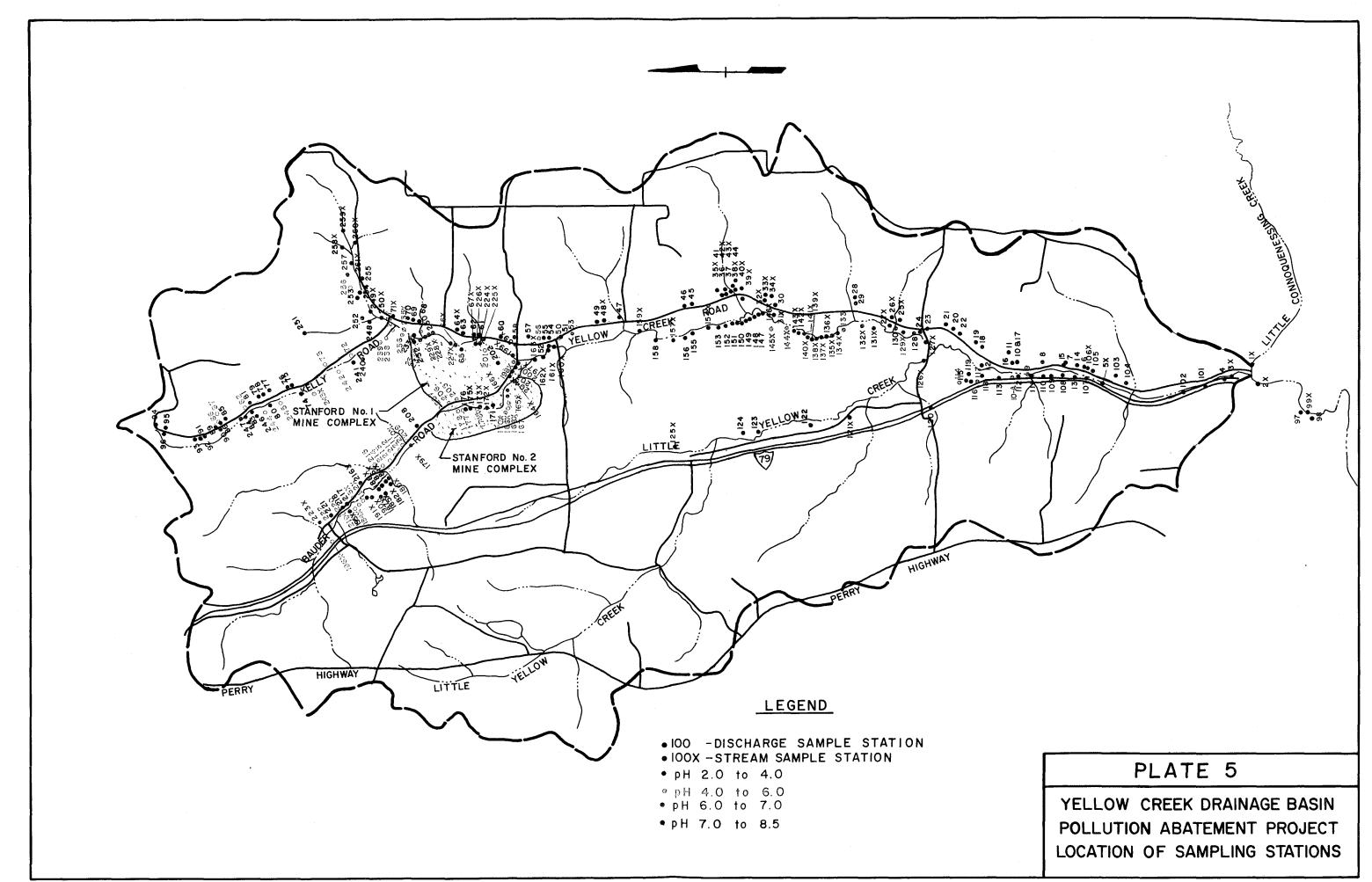
The May 28 and June 14, 1971 samples were used to develop Plate 6, which gives the water quality of Yellow Creek, Bauder Road Tributary and Kelly Road Tributary in pounds per day. This data was used to develop the sulfate balance which was used to verify the validity of the chemical constituents and flow measurements.

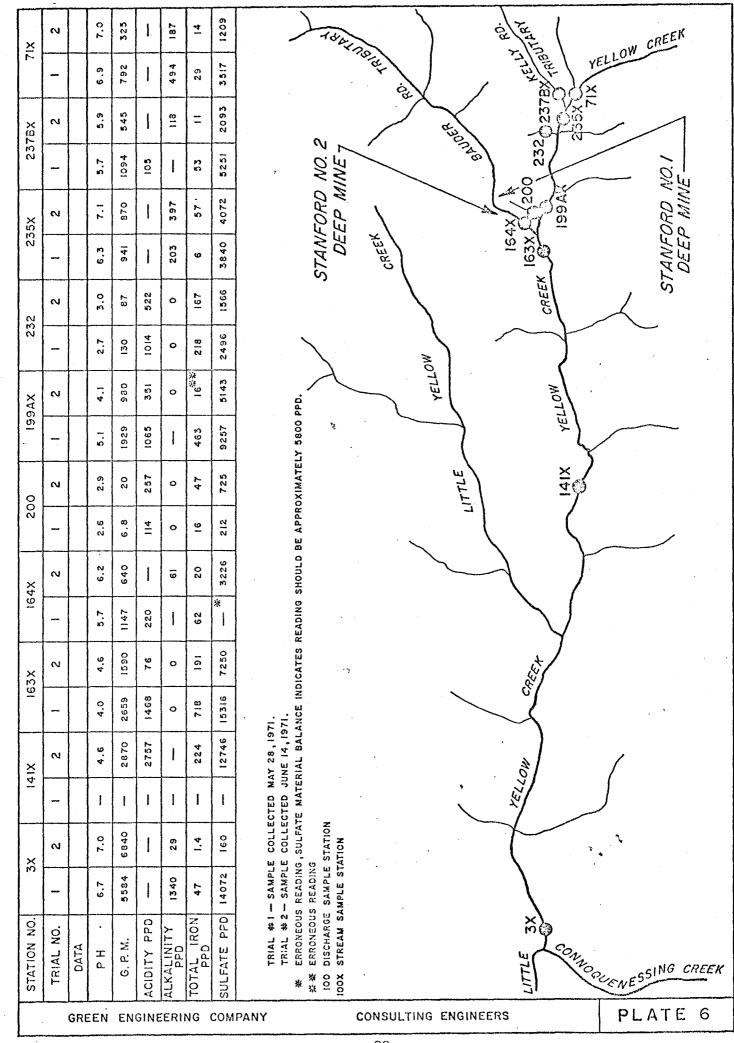
An evaluation of the stream water quality parameters measured during the study for the sampling stations noted on Plate 5 to Pennsylvania Department of Environmental Resources and United States Public Health Service recommended water quality standards is as follows:

Parameter	DER	USPHS	Stream	Sampling	Stations	3 Average	Water	Quality 1	Measured	
	Stream	Drinking								
	Standards	Water								
		Standards								
			71X	237BX	235X	199AX	164X	163X	141X	3X
рН	6.0-8.5	-	7.0	5.8	6.7	4.6	6.0	4.3	4.6	6.9
Total	1.5 mg/L	0.3 mg/L	3.3	2.9	3.0	10.7	3.6	16.3	6.5	1.1
Iron										
Sulfates	-	250 mg/L	340	360	365	420	420	430	370	185

Stream sampling station 163X located below the confluence of Yellow Creek and its Bauder Road Tributary exhibited the worse water quality. This station measured the combined effects of the Stanford Number 1 and 2 mining complex plus other miscellaneous abandoned mines in the headwaters. The degraded stream water quality persisted to the confluence of Yellow Creek and Little Yellow Creek. Below this confluence Yellow Creek's water quality improved because of the dilution and alkaline waters of Little Yellow Creek and other small alkaline tributaries.

The sampling and analysis program for pH, acidity, alkalinity, total iron and sulfate indicate that the water quality at the mouth of the Yellow Creek would be an acceptable source of water for a municipal water supply system. The 'average sulfate concentration of 185 milligrams per liter is higher than would be found in a watershed without coal mining, but is still less than the 250 milligrams per liter set by the U. S. Public Health Service as the maximum concentration limit for potable water.





6.0 PROPOSED ABATEMENT PROGRAM

The proposed abatement program which would provide the most effective water quality improvement in the Yellow Creek Drainage Basin consists of the elimination of acid mine drainage discharges from the Stanford Number 1 and 2 mining complex. This will require the sealing of all mine openings, the restoration, including revegetation of two adjacent strip mine areas, the installation of grout curtains, and the disposal of mine refuse piles adjacent to the Bauder Road Tributary.

Drawings 1, 2 and 3 show the general location of the proposed grout curtains, the refuse piles which require disposal, and the general location of the deep mine openings which were located during this study and which will require seals. These drawings also show the location of the core borings performed and the contours of the Upper Kittanning Coal as interpreted from the core borings.

We recommend that the following acid mine drainage pollution abatement program be initiated in two phases:

-Phase I will consist of the installation of deep mine seals and grout curtains in the Stanford Number 1 and 2 mining complex.

-Phase II will be initiated after the results of the deep mine sealing have been evaluated and will generally consist of the removal of and burial of refuse piles against the highwalls of Strip Mine "A" and "B", regrading of refuse areas and strip mine reclamation.

PHASE I - Deep Mine Sealing Program

A. Stanford Number 1 Mine Complex

The sixteen (16) drift entries located during the study should be hydraulically sealed and one (1) controlled overflow installed to insure that the mine pool does not rise above an elevation of 1,105 feet. If the mine pool rises above this elevation, seepage may occur through the backfill of the reclaimed strip mine north and west of the deep mines. (See Drawings No. 1, 2 and 3)

A grout curtain should also be constructed above the highwall of Strip Mine Area "A" to insure that no excessive seepage will occur through this highwall. (See Drawing No. 3)

B. Stanford Number 2 Mine Complex

The three (3) drift entries located during this study should be hydraulically sealed and one (1) controlled overflow installed to insure that the-mine pool does not. rise above an elevation of 1,100 feet. If the mine pool rises above this elevation, seepage may occur through the backfill of the partially reclaimed strip mine to the north of Strip Mine Area "B". (See Drawing No. 3)

A grout curtain should also be constructed above the highwall of Strip Mine Area "B" to insure that no excessive seepage will occur through this highwall. (See Drawing No. 3)

PHASE II - Strip Mine Reclamation Program

Phase II should be initiated after all of the deep mine seals have been installed and the mines filled with water. The Department of Environmental Resources should observe the highwalls and deep mine openings for any signs of seepage. If all the deep mine seals have been effective in reducing the pollution load and volume of drainage, then Phase II should be implemented.

Phase II will consist of the removal, burial and regrading of deep mine refuse piles; and the complete reclamation of Strip Mine Areas "A" and "B" as shown on Drawings Nos. 1, 2 and 3.

A. Deep Mine Refuse Pile Removal and Burial

The refuse piles designated Area "D", "E" and "J" should be removed and buried against the highwall of Strip Mine Area "B". Refuse piles designated Area "F", "G" and "H" should be removed and buried against the highwall of Strip Mine Area "A". Area "C" and "C-l" are waste piles which are predominantly clay and should be used to seal the bony. (See Drawings No. 1, 2 and 3)

After the refuse piles are removed and buried, the disturbed areas should be regraded, covered with soil and reveget ated with grass.

B. Strip Mine Reclamation

Strip Mine Area "A" and "B" should be terrace backfilled and revegetated with a grass cover to minimize infiltration and percolation of surface water through the spoil material. The location of the Strip Mine Areas to be reclaimed are shown on Drawing Number 3.

7.0 PRELIMINARY COST ESTIMATE

A cost estimate for the implementation of the proposed Pollution

Abatement Project for the Stanford Number 1 and 2 Mine Complex is as follows:

PHASE I - Deep Mine Sealing Program

A. Deep Mine Sealing

The nineteen (19) mine openings scheduled to be sealed are mostly caved at the portal; therefore, the installation of these mine seals will be performed through drilling procedures. After the mine seals have been placed, pressure grouting operations will be performed in the adjacent strata, 50 feet each side of the opening. The pressure tests indicate an average porosity for grout intake of 15 percent with moderate permeability ranging from 625 feet per year to 1,800 feet per year.

B. Controlled Overflow

Two mine entries will be converted to air seal lock type of controlled overflow structures.

The estimated cost includes all necessary materials, labor and equipment to perform the work plus the cost of all access roads and the restoration thereof.

C. Pressure Grout Curtains

Pressure grout curtains are proposed to be placed between the mine seal grouting in seepage areas above the highwalls of Strip Mine Area "A" and "B". We estimate that the drilling operations will be performed on ten (10) foot centers and that the average grout intake void space is estimated at 15 percent.

The estimated costs include the drilling and pumping costs for the placement of the grout to a height of ten (10) feet above the coal and the costs for the construction of all access roads and their restoration. It is estimated that approximately 3,300 lineal feet of grout curtain between mine seals, at a cost of approximately \$106 per lineal foot will be required for control of seepage

Sub-Total: PHASE I \$772,000

PHASE II - Strip Mine Reclamation Program

A. Strip Mine Reclamation

Strip Mine Reclamation work will include erosion and sedimentation control; clearing and grubbing; dewatering; terrace backfilling and grading; construction of diversion ditches, flumes, rip-rap channels, endwalls; and revegetation.

A detailed estimate of these costs is as follows:

Erosion and Sedimentation	\$5,000
Clearing and Grubbing(5acres@\$400/acre)	\$2,000
Dewatering Impoundments(3 each at \$500/each)	\$1,500
Backfilling and Grading(65,00 cy at \$0.60/cy)	\$39,000
Rip Rap Channel(150sy at \$20/sy)	\$3,000
Revegetation(20 acres at \$700/acre)	\$14,000
TOTAL	\$64,500

B. Refuse Pile Disposal

The refuse pile disposal will consist of the removal, transportation and burial of 3,400 c.y. of refuse piles in the strip mine areas. Refuse piles "E" and "J" will be removed and buried against the highwall of Strip Mine Area "B". Refuse piles "F", "G" and "H" should be removed and buried against the highwall of Strip Mine Area "A". The cost per cubic yard will include all labor, materials, equipment, revegetation and miscellaneous work for the implementation of this work item.

\$3,400 cy at \$3/cy	\$10,000
Sub Total Phase II	\$74,700
TOTAL for PHASE I and PHASE II	\$846,700

8.0 SUMMARY AND CONCLUSION

It is the recommendation of this study that the greatest benefit to water quality in the Yellow Creek Watershed could be achieved by eliminating the acid mine drainage from the Stanford Numbers 1 and 2 mine complex. This will require the sealing of all deep mine openings, the sealing of two strip mine highwalls with a grout curtain, the restoration including revegetation of two adjacent strip mine areas and the disposal of mine refuse piles.

The effect of this action would be to remove an average of 1,000 pounds per day of acidity, 420 pounds per day of total iron and 7,300 pounds per day of sulfate from the Watershed if 100 percent effective abatement is implemented. These values will fluctuate with the many variables regulating groundwater and surface water flows such as precipitation, runoff, infiltration, percolation, porosity, etc. The following table indicates the estimated maximum, minimum and a verage removal of mine drainage constituents from Yellow Creek with the implementation of the pollution abatement project. These concentrations were observed during the sampling and analysis program as reported on Plate 6. Estimated removal of mine drainage chemical constituents was determined by assuming the implementation of the pollution abatement project would result in a water quality similar to sample station 235X located upstream of the proposed project area. Therefore, the estimated water quality improvement is the difference between sample stations 163X and 235X.

 $\underline{ \mbox{TABLE}}$ Estimated Removal of Mine Drainage Chemical Constituents

Data	Maximum	Minimum	Average
Acidity (PPD)	1,670	470	1,000
Total Iron (PPD)	710	135	420
Sulfate (PPD)	11,500	3,180	7,300

The average cost effectiveness for the implementation of the pollution abatement project for the removal of one pound per day of acidity originating from the Stanford Mine Complex is estimated at\$81+6.70.

The estimated average stream quality at the mouth of Yellow Creek, resulting at the completion of the proposed pollution abatement project, would be a water with a pH greater than 7.5 and less than 8.0 a total iron concentration of less than 1.0 milligrams per liter, an alkalinity of 50 milligrams per liter and a sulfate concentration in the range of 100 milligrams per liter. This water quality will be satisfactory for most forms of aquatic life.

The foregoing estimate is based on the difference between the existing water quality of Yellow Creek at sampling station 3X and the estimated removal of mine drainage constituents listed in the foregoing table.

Drawings Number 1, 2 and 3 show the general location of the proposed deep mine seals, the grout curtain, the refuse piles which require disposal and the general location of the mine openings. These drawings also show the location of the core borings performed in the aforementioned contract and the preliminary geologic structure of the Upper Kittanning Coal as interpreted from the project core borings.

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA

GROUND WATER 9-29-72 51.0
WEATHER Cloudy & Showers Fio GROUND WATER 0 HRS. 28.5 1112.0 r-t SHEET GROUND ELEVATION な FALL FALL 11 Y 11 DIAMETER OF AUGER STA. 4+60 75LT. Buseline TEST BORING RECORD 300 HANNER HAMMER WEIGHT OF P Drainage Basin Location TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE T Yellow Creek 9-22-72 9-15-72 CB-2 DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED PROJECT FEATURE BORING NO.

Cesing Blows 190 205 20 6 . 0 0 0 007 100 100 200 100 φ) (Ω) 100 100 98 100 100 C Blows or Rec. 5.0 5.0 5.0 0.0 0 C L 5.0 5. 5.0 ιν 0 5.0 4.9 or Run To - 45.0 30.0 - 60.0 25.0 35.0 - 40.0 45.0 - 50.0 50.0 - 55.0 - 20.0 - 35.0 10.0 - 15.0 7.0 - 10.07.0 Sample From ı 55.0 15.0 20.0 25.0 30.0 10.0 5.0 .0 % .0 % 15 0 0 0 0 0 29 R.Q.D. Length 18.7 0.4 0 0 0 0 0 Brown, Moist, Dense with Trace Shale Fragment Silt Stone, Med Hard, Gray, Massive with Sandy Interbeds Underclay DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM Shale, Sandy, Med. Brown & Gray Laminated Sandstone, Gray, Hard, Fine Grained Hard, Fine Grain, Laminated, Fractured Fractured, with Silty Interbeds Claystone, Dark Gray, Med. 16.8 - 17.6 Brown Coal, Black, Fractured Siltstone, Gray, Hard Vertical Fractures Med., Œ, - 41.2, Sandy Silt, Sand Stone, Tost Water Topsoil 41.0 54.8 56.5 59.5 19.4 - 51.3 - 60.0 11.1 0.5 5.0 FROM-TO DEPTH 1 1 ŧ ı ı ŧ 1 19.4 54.8 59.2 11.1 56.5 51.3 0.0 0.5 5.0

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GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEMICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA TEST BORING RECORD

CB-3

BORING NO.

PROJECT

FEATURE

DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED

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SHEET

1122.0

GROUND ELEVATION Baseline "A" Yellow Creek Drainage Basin LOCATION STA. 8+00 77 LT.

DIAMETER OF AUGER 300 WEIGHT OF HAMMER TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE LA CASING SIZE LA 9-25-72

GROUND WAIER 9-29-72 53.0
WEATHER Cloudy & Showers GROUND WATER O ERS. 7 FALL FALL

DEPTH FROM-TO	DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM	R.Q.D. Length	7, R.Q.D.	Sample or Run From To	Blows or Rec.	56 95 00 00	Casing Blows
0.0 - 0.5	Topsoil .						7 7.
0.5 - 5.0	Sandy, Silt, Brown, Moist, Dense, with Trace of Shale Fr	Fragments					99
5.0-9.0 9.0-13.3	Sandstone, Brown, Hard, Fine Grained Shale, Sandy, Soft-Med., Grayish Brown,	o 0	D 0	5.0 - 7.0	7 2.0	C C	δ) <u>-</u>
	sed, Fractured, wit			7.0 - 10.0	3.0). 1
13.3 - 23.4	Shale, Silty, Gray, Med., Laminated, Fractured	0	0	10.0 - 15.0	5.0	100	
	with Sandy Brown Stained Interbeds			15.0 - 20.0	5.0	100	
	16.5 - 16.7 Vertical Fracture		-	20.0 - 25.0	5.0	100	
23,4 - 27.0	Silt Stone, Gray, Med., Fractured,	0	0	25.0 - 30.0	5.0	100	
	with Sandy Interhads. Ventical			20.0 - 35.0	7 ر	100	
				35.0 - 40.0		100	
27.0 - 49.2	Siltstone, Gray, Med. Hard, Massive, with	12.5	56	40.0 - 45.0	5.0	100	
•	Few Sandy Interbeds			45.0 - 50.0	5.0	100	
	Vertical Fracture 37.0 - 37.6			50.0 - 55.0	5.0	100	
49.2 - 52.5	Coal, Black, Fractured	0	0	55.0 - 60.0	5.0	100	
52:5 - 60.0	Claystone, Gray, Med. Hard, Massive, with		10				
	few Sandy Interbeds, Slightly Fractured						
	Tost Water 6.5		·				

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DRILLER Bob Copechal

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SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA TEST BORING RECORD

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1137.0 GROUND ELEVATION

Yellow Greek Drainage Basin LOCATION STA. 10+09 87 LT. Baseline "A"

WEATHER Cloudy & Rain GROUND WATER 24 HRS. 24 FALL FALL DIAMETER OF AUGER

WEIGHT OF HAMMER

TYPE OF SAMPLER

9-18-72 9-20-72

DATE COMPLETED

CB-7

BORING NO.

PROJECT

FEATURE DATE STARTED

SAMP. SIZE 4

DEPTH FROM-TO	DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM	R.Q.D. Length	% R.Q.D.	Semple or Run From To	Blows or Rec.	A Rec.	Casing Blows
0.0 - 0.5	Topsoil			-			19
0.5 - 7.0	Sandy Silt, Brown, Moist, Dense, with Trace of Sandy Shal	e Fragments	ts			J	69
7.0 - 9.0	Sandstone, Brown, Med. Hard, Fine	0	0	0.6 - 0.7	1.5	75	59
	ractured			0.11 - 0.6	2.0	100	137
9.0 - 15.0	Shale Sandy, Brown & Gray, Soft to Med.	0	0	11.0 - 15.0	٥٠،٦	100	183
	Bedly Fractured and Weathered and Stained			15.0 - 20.0	5.0	100	
15.0 - 25.0	Shale Sandv, Grav, Med. Hard	0		20.0 - 25.0	5.0	100	
:	Fractured, Laminated, Vertical Fracture			25.0 - 30.0	5.0	100	
	at 16.0 - 16.3 23.0 - 23.3			30.0 - 35.0	J.4	ħδ	
25.0 - 49.8	Siltstone, Gray, Med. Hard, Massive, with	16.8	68	35.0 - 40.0	5.0	100	
l	Sandy Interbeds			40.0 - 45.0	5.0	100	
	Vertical Fractures 27.8 - 28.0 39.5 - 40.0			45.0 - 50.0	5.0	001	
	41.0 - 41.5		·	50.0 - 55.0	7.7	88	
49.8 - 54.5	Coal, Black, Fractured	0	0	55.0 - 60.0	5.0	100	
54:5 - 55.0	Clay, Seam, Gray, Soft	C	C				
55.0 - 63.0	Claystone, Gray, Med-Hard, Fractured with few Sandy	3.0	38				
	Interbeds 61.5 - 63.0 Clay Galls Lost Water 7.3						

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GREEN ENCINEERING COMPANY SEMICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA TEST BORING RECORD

BORING NO.

Q F

SHEET

Cloudy & Rain 15.3 8.94 GROUND WATER 9-19-72 0 班S. 1122.0 WEATHER GROUND WATER GROUND ELEVATION 24 STA. 15+72 219 LT. Baseline "A" FALL DIAMETER OF AUGER 300 WEIGHT OF HAMMER PROJECT vellow Creek Drainage Basin LOCATION TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE CASING SIZE 4 9-13-72 9-14-72 DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED FEATURE

Casing Blows 9 9 14 29 20 20 29 38 44 30 65/.5
1 1
55/50
30
38
20
29
14
Sesing Sows
8.51

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CB-7

BORING NO.

Q

SHEET

GROUND WATER 0 HRS. 23.0 1120.00 STA. 33+ 12 305 LT. Baseline "A" GROUND ELEVATION DIAMETER OF AUGER PROJECT Yellow Greek Drainage Basin LOCATION TYPE OF SAMPLER 8-25-72 PAATURE STARTED

Ã	DATE COMPLETED	8-28-72 SAMP. SIZE WEIGHT OF HAMMER 300	FALL FALL	24	GROUND WATER WEATHER	9-20-72 Sunny &	43.0 Hot	
l								
	DEPTH FROM-TO	DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM	R.Q.D. Length	% R.Q.D.	Sample or Run From To	Blows or Rec.	Sec.	Cesing Blows
l	0.0 - 0.5	Topsoil						36
	0.5 - 5.0	Sandy Silt, Brown, Dense, Moist, with Trace of Sandy Sha	Shale fragments	ents				72
L	5.0 - 12.0	Shale, Sandy, Med., Gray & Brown, Stained	0	0	5.0 - 7.0	2,0	100	305
L					7.0 - 12.0	5.0	100	}
l	12.0 - 17.0	Shale, Silty, Gray, Med., Fractured & Stained,	0		12.0 - 17.0	5.0	100	
		with Sand Interbeds, Laminated	٠		17.0 - 22.0	5.0	100	
L	17.0 - 48.0	Silt Stone, Med., Gray, with Sandy Interbeds	8.9	29	22.0 - 27.0	5.0	100	
l ^j		s 19.5			27.0 - 32.0	5.0	100	
					32.0 - 37.0	5.0	100	
	48.0 - 51.7	Coal, Black, Fractured	0	0	37.0 - 42.0	5.0	100	
	51.7 - 53.5	Clay Seam, Gray, Soft	0	0	42.0 - 47.0	5.0	100	
	r.	Clav Stone	1.7	32	47.0 - 52.0	4.9	98	
		Tuterbeds			52.0 - 57.0	5.0	100	
				-			-	
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SHEET

76.0 64.0 WEATHER Cloudy & Rain 1124.0 GROUND WATER 0 HRS. GROUND ELEVATION STA. 4+31 115 RT Baseline "B" FALL FALL DIAMETER OF AUGER 300 WEIGHT OF HAMMER Yellow Creek Drainage BasinLOCATION TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE CASING SIZE 4 9-14-72 9-15-72 PROJECT DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED FEATURE

<u>F4</u>	DEPTH FRCM-TO	DESCRIPTION.OF EACH STRATUM	R.Q.D. Length	ਸ. % ਹ. ਹ.	Sample or Run From To	Blows or Rec.	13 8 0 0	Cesing Blows
0	0.0 - 0.5	Topsoil						13
0	0.5 = 5.0	Sandy Silt, Brown, Moist, Dense, with Trace of Sandy Shale Fragments	nale Fragm	ents				45
5.0	0 - 19.5	Shale, Sandy, Brown & Gray, Med, Fractured,	1.0	7	5.0 - 7.0	. 2.0	100	136
		Laminated			7.0 - 12.0	5.0	100	
19	19.5 - 47.0	Silt Stone, Gray, Med. Hard, Massive with	18.0	. 65	12.0 - 17.0	5.0	100	
		Sandy Interheds			17.0 - 22.0	5.0	100	
		Vertical Fracture at 21.0 - 21.5,			22.0 - 27.0	5.0	100	
		27.0 - 27.5, 31.0 - 32.0, 43.5 - 44.5			27.0 - 32.0	5.0	100	
4,	47.0 - 50.0	Coal, Black, Fractured	0	0	32.0 - 37.0	5.0	100	ļ
5(50.0 - 56.0	Clavstone, Grav, MedHard, Massive	5 7	. 75	37.0 - 42.0	5.0	100	
		with few Sandy Interbeds			42.0 - 47.0	5.0	100	
		Lost Water @ 6.0			47.0 - 52.0	4.6	92	
					52.0 - 56.0	C V	100	
				-				
חוודאם	DRILLING COMPANY	Geo. Mechanics, Inc. DRILLER A	August Martos	1	INSPECTOR E. W.	, Cunningham	ıam	

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEMICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA THEFF HORTHR TRECORD

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SHEET

GROUND WATER 9-18-72Chved 38.0 WEATHER Cloudy and Mild C.C O HRS. 11.00.0 GROUND WATER GROUND ELEVATION 77 STA, 27136 156 RT, Bunellne "B" FALL DIAMETER OF AUCER 300 WEIGHT OF HAMMER PROJECT Yellow Greek Dealmake Baniu LOCATION TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE CASING SIZE 4 9-11-72 DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED FEATURE

Casing Flors	37	937			1						C	_		_
⊼ Hoc.			100	96	100	100	100	100	100	100	100		 	
Blows or Rec.			2.0	8.7	5.0	5.0	2.0	5.0	5.0	5.0	5.			
s or Kun To			6.0	6.0 - 11.0	11.0 - 16.0	- 21.0	- 26.0	- 31.0	31.0 - 36.0	36.0 - 41.0	0.97 - 0.17			
Comple From			4.0 - 6.0	- 0.9	1	16.0 -	21.0	26.0	31.0	36.0	41.0			
ж. Q. D.			0		45			0	48					
R.Q.D. Length		Fragments	0		12.6			0	2.4					
DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM	Topsoil	Sandy Silt, Brown, Dense, Moist, with Trace of Shale Fr	Shale Sandv. Brown, Med. Hard. Moderately Fractured,		Silt Stone, Gray, Med. Hard, Massive, Highly	Fractured 21.5 - 23.0 with Sandv Interbeds		Coal, Black, Fractured	Glay Stone, Gray, Med. Hard, Massive					
DELTH FROM-TO	0.0 - 0.5	0.5 - 4.0	4.0 - 11.0		11.0 - 38.7			38.7 - 41.6	41.0 - 46.0					

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GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA

Casing 31078 @ 18.0 105 109 192 276 391 34 75 GROUND WATER 24 HRS. Caved Sunny - Rumid 100 100 100 98 78 00 0.7 મુક્ક પુરુ પુરુ P Blows or Rec. 1125.0 1.5 5.0 3 4.9 4.5 WEATHER or Run To SHEET GROUND ELEVATION 25.0 35.0 10.0 - 15.015.0 - 20.025.0 - 30.0 35.0 - 38.0 10.0 ı Sample From t 20.0 30.0 8 5 24 ж 6 9 24+64 180 RT. Baseline "B" 0 7 0 0 0 FALL Sandy Interbeds 0.4 R.Q.D. Length DIAMETER OF AUGER 0 0 0 0 Clay, Silty, Brown, Dense, with Trace of Shale Fragments TEST BORING RECORD 300 Hard, with few HAMMER HAMMER DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM STA WEIGHT OF H Shale, Sandy, Soft, Gray, Fractured, Grav. Laminated Yellow Greek Drainage Basin LOCATION Limestone, Gray, Hard, Fractured Med. TYPE OF SAMPLER tο Med. Coal, Black, Fractured Clay Seam, Gray, Soft SAMP. SIZE Claystone, Gray, Med Shale, Silty, Med. Siltstone, Gray, Water Stained CB-10C Topsoil 8-21-72 8-22-72 DATE COMPLETED STAFIED PROJECT FEATURE BORING NO. 29.5 35.0 - 37.537.5 - 38.0 - 14.5 29.5 - 32.5 32.5 - 35.0 DEPTH FROM-TO - 12.0 - 8 5 0.0 - 0.5 12.0 14.5 DATE 8.5

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GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEMICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA TEST BORING RECORD

CB-12

BORING NO.

FEATURE

DATE COMPLETED

DATE STARTED

STA. 29+89 127RT. Baseline "B" GROUND ELEVATION 1155.0

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SHEET

GROUND WATER 0 HRS. 60.0 GROUND WATER 9-18-72 50.0 WEATHER Sunny & Mild FALL DIAMETER OF AUGER 300 WEIGHT OF HANNER PROJECT Yellow Greek Drainage Basin LOCATION TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE 9-7-72 9-8-72

DEPTH OT-KOKA	DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM	R.Q.D. Length	% R.Q.D.	Sample or Run From To	Blows or Rec.	Asc.	Casing Blows
0,0 - 0.5							39
0.5 - 5.0	Sandy. Silt, Brown, Dense, Moist with Shale Fragments						110
5.0 - 13.0		0	0	5.0 - 7.0	2.0	100	349
				7.0 - 12.0	4.8	96	
13.0 - 17.0	Sandstone, Gray, Fine Grain, Med., Fractured, Laminated	1.9	48	12.0 - 17.0	5.0	100	
17.0 - 52.5	Silt Stone, Gray, Hard, Massive, with Sandy Interbeds	23.4	65	17.0 - 22.0	5.0	100	
	Vertical Fracture 18.0 18.3, 45.9 - 46.2			22.0 - 27.0	6.7	0,8	
52.5 - 56.0	Coal, Black, Fractured	0		27.0 - 32.0	5.0	100	
56.0 - 61.0	Clay Stone, Gray, MedHard	3.0	09	32.0 - 37.0	5.0	100	
				37.0 - 42.0	5.0	100	
	Lost Drill Water Return @ 9,0			42.0 - 47.0	4.5	Co	
				47.0 - 52.0	5.0	100	
•				52.0 - 57.0	4.5	66	
			٠,	57.0 - 61.0	4.0	18	
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GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA TREET FORTH RECORD

BORING NO.

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SHEET

Casiro Mowa ç. 77 5 000 15.0 Rec. 100 100 100 100 100 100 00.5 100 001 8 WEATHER County-Filled 25 O HRS. Blows or Rec. GROUND WATER 24 HRS. 1146.0 5.0 C. 1.6 5.0 5.0 5.0 ٥. ٥ 5.0 0. GROUND WATER or Run To GROUND ELEVATION 47.0 -52.0 5.0 - 7.0 7.0 -12.0 12.0 -17.0 17.0 -22.0 22.0 -27.0 27.0 -32.0 32.0 -37.0 37.0 - 22.012.0 -47.0 Sample From 7.0.% D.D.D. 0 25 63 0 6 "A" Pareline "A" FALL FALL R.Q.D. REPUR OF AUGER 1.0 14.7 9. S 0 0 shale frag Silt Stone, Hard, Gray, Massive, with sandy interbeds, 909 Fractured, Laminated οĘ Yellow Greek Drainage Basin LOCATION STA. 31+77 WEIGHT OF HANGER WEIGHT OF HAMMER Moist, with trace Med, Fractured, DESCRIPTION OF FACH STRATUM Fracture 15.4-15.5 - 10.2 Stone, Med-Hard, Gray, Massive 10.0 Vertical fracture 20.0 - 20.2, Vertical Fracture 51.0 - 51.4 Shale, Sandy, Brown & Gray, TYPE OF SAMPLER Silt Stone, Gray, Med Hard, SAMP. SIZE - 35.4., Dense, Coal, Black, Fractured with sandy interbeds Vertical Brown, 34.5 - 34.6, 35.0 Sandy Silt, Laminated, Top Soil ments. Clay 21,-9-6 DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED FEATURE PROJECT 20.0 43.2 52.0 DEPTH FROM-TO - 47.0 - 16.0 5.0 0.0 - 0.5 ı 1 1 ı 43.8 16.0 20.0 47.0 0.10 0.5

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DRILLER

August Martos

E.W. Conninghar INSPECTOR GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA TEST BORING RECORD

Q М SHEET

WEATHER Sunny and Mild 12.0 GROUND WATER O HRS. 42.0 GROUND WATER 24 HRS. 42.0 GROUND ELEVATION 1141.0 24 STA. 32+24 110 RT Baseline "B" FALL DIAMETER OF AUGER 300 WEIGHT OF HAMMER Yellow Creek Drainage BasinLOCAFION TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE TO CASING SIZE CB-14 9-1-72 DATE COMPLETED FEATURE DATE STARTED · PROJECT BORING NO.

	DEPTH FROM-TO	DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM	R.Q.D. Length	R.Q.D.	Sample or Run From To	Blows or Rec.	% ₽ec.	Casing Elows
0.0	- 0.5	Top Soil			5.0 - 7.0	2.0	100	13
0.5	- 5.0	Sandy Silt, Brown, Dense, Moist, with trace of shale frag	fragments		7.0 - 10.0	5.6	87	5 5
5.0	- 11.5	Shale, Sandy, Brown, Med, Fractured,	0	0	10.0 + 15.0	0.5	100	182 182
		Laminated .			15.0 - 20.0	5.0	700) ·
11.5	- 13.5	Shele, Silty, Gray, Med-Hard, Laminated,	0	0	20.0 - 25.0	5.0	100	
		Fractured, Vertical Fracture 12.3 - 12.7			25.0 - 30.0	5.0	COT	
13.5	- 25.0	Silt Stone, Gray, Hard, Leminated, with sandy interbeds	1.5	13	30.0 - 35.0	5.0	100	
		Vertical Fracture 20.0 - 20.5	·		35.0 - 38.0	3.0	100	
25.0	- 38.0	Silt Stone, Dark Gray, Hard, Highly Fractured,	0.5	7	38.0 - 42.0	0.0	0	
		Vertical Fractures 33.0 - 33.3, 37.0 - 38.0			42.0 - 47.0	4.8	96	
38.0	0.54 -	Void						
42.0	0.44 -	Clay stone, Gray, Med, Fractured	0.4	20				
0.17	- 47.0	Clay Shale, Hard, Gray, Massive	1.9	63				
		Lost Water @38.0						
			,					

E. W. Cunningham

INSPECTOR

August Martos

DRILLER

Geo. Mechanics, Inc.

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY

Cesing Blows 138 Sunny and Mild GROUND WATER O ERS. 40.0 GROUND WATER 24 HRS. 40.0 00T 100 100 Ö છે. સુલ્હ 8 80 001 001 001 o. Blows or Rec. 5.0 8 5.0 9.4 O: 5.0 5.0 5.0 GROUND ELEVATION 1146.0or Run To WEATHER SHEET 6.0 26.0 31.0 41.0 11.0 11.0 - 16.0 - 36.0 - 46.0 2 Sample From - 0.93 7.0 31.0 36.0 1,1.0 21.0 6.0 R. Q. D. 0 0 9 0 27 5 90 RT. Reseline "R" FALL R.Q.D. Length 1.2 DIAMETER OF AUGER 0 0 0 13.4 39.0, Vertical fracture Stiff, Moist with trace of Shale SEVICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA TEST BORING RECORD 300 STA. 35+55 WEIGHT OF HAMMER WEIGHT OF HAMMER DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM Stone, Soft-Med, Gray, Laminated Silt Stone, Hard, Dark Gray, Massive Yellow Creek Drainage Basin LOCATION Shale, Clayey, Brown, weathered - 22.9, 38.3 27.0 - 39.4, Very fine grain Laminated, Highly fractured TYPE OF SAMPLER Clay Stone, Gray, Med-Hard, Very Coal, Black, fractured, SAMP. SIZE CASING SIZE 4 Sandy Silt, Brown, 22.5 - 19.3, Fractured Fragments Top Soil 8-31-72 8-30-72 CB-17 Silt 19.0 PROJECT FEATURE DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED BORING NO. DEPTH FROM-TO 4.0 17.0 39.4 41.5 η**6.**0 0.5 - 10.0 ı 0.0 1 ı 1 1 0.4 0.0 11.5 17.0 0.5 39.4

E. W. Chaninghor

INSPECTOR

August Martos

DRILLER

Geo Mechanics

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY (1974) PRINCESS OF THE PRINCESS OF T

Carred Sunny & Hot : 3 0 11163. GROUND ELEVATION 1151.0 GROUND, WATTER GROUND, WATTER WEATHER CHEET 10% LT. Baseline "C" FALL FALL. DIAMETER OF AUGER TEST BOKING RECORD 300 Yellow Creek Drainage Basin LOCATION 571A. 16+11 WEIGHT OF HAMMER TYPE OF SMALLER SAMP, SIZE 4 CB - 19 3-17-72)), -(o:)-{8 DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED BORING NO. PROJECT FEATURE

DEPTH FROM-TO	DESCRIPTION OF FACH STRATUM	R.Q.D.	% R.Q.D.	Sample or Run Prom To	Blows or Rec.	Brev.	Casing Blows
5.0 - 0.0	Top Soi]						16
0.5 - 20.0	Clayey Silt, Brown, Stiff to dense, Moist, with trace of						- 82
	shale fragments.			•			3 6
10.0 - 21.0	Sand Stone, Brown, Med Hard, Fine-Grain,	0	0	10.0 - 12.0	1.2	99	7).
	Laminated, with clay seams			12.0 - 14.0	н. 8	90	(1) COS
21.0 - 49.0	Silt stone, Gray, Med hard, Massive, with .	14.6	52	14.0 - 19.0	3.1	63	274
	Sandy Interheds			0-12-001	6 ر	95	
49.0 - 54.0	Shale, Silty, Med, Black, Carbonaceous	0.8	13	21.0 - 24.0	2.9	56	
	Fractured, Laminated, Fossiliferous			24.0 - 29.0	5.0	100	
54.0 - 57.0	Coal, Black, Fractured	0	0	29.0 - 34.0	5.0	100	
57.0 - 58.5	Clay, Seam, Soft and Gray	0	0	34.0 - 39.0	5.0	001	
58.5 - 61.0	Clay Stone, Med-Hard, Gray Massive	1.9	76	39.0 - 44.0	F-1	16	
				0.6t - 0.4g	5.0	200	
	Lost Water @ 10.5			19.0 - 54.0	1.8	96	
				54.0 - 58.5	4.5	100	
	•			58.5 - 61.0	2.3	92	

W. Cunninghem

INSPECTOR E.

Barry Baltich

DRILLER

DRILLING COMPANY GEO. MECHANICS INC.

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA

TEST BORING RECORD

Casing Blows 57.13 205 359 GROUND WATER O HRS. Dry
GROUND WASTER 249. Beaver
WEATHER sunny and hot Q ະຖ ທຸ*ລຢ* ເວ 100 98 100 98 100 100 100 83 8 2 8 5 Blows or Rec. 1145.0 9. 4.9 0.0 . . 0.7 3.5 4.9 5.0 4.0 5.0 7.7 5.0 or Run To SHEET GROUND ELEVATION 59.0 14.0 144.0 9.0 19.0 24.0 34.0 1,9.0 7.0 - 29.0 34.0 - 39.0 49.0 - 54.0 Sample From 1 1 1 ł 10 44.0 5.0 7.0 0.6 14.0 19.0 24.0 29.0 39.0 54.0 . O 24 U 0 0 0 51 † 7 25 35 : : FALL FALL R.Q.D. Length STA. 12+03 102'LT Baseline AUGER 0.5 14.5 shale fragments 7.3 0 0 0 DIAMETER OF οĘ HANNER HANNERO Brown, Dense, Moist with trace Silt stone, Gray, Mcd-hard, Massive, with STRATUM stone interbeds Shale, Sandy, Gray, Med-Hard, Fractured, 26.0, VEIGHT OF WEIGHT OF Clay stone, Gray, Soft to med-hard, 58.7 Drainage Basin LOCATION EACH ı 25.6 Shale, Sandy, Med-Hard, Brown, 34.5 Q TYPE OF SAMPLER Calcareous.58.6 Calcareous Fractured, Water Stained, silt DESCRIPTION - 56.6 Shale, silty, med, Gray 34.0 SAMP. SIZE Black, Fractured Moderately fractured Water-stained, with Vertical Fracture 56.2 Sandy Interbeds Clayey silt, (D) 25.0 - 25.2 Fractured, Clay seam Yellow Creek Soil 8-22-72 8-24-72 Coal, CB-20 Top PROJECT FEATURE DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED 59.0 BORING NO. 17.0 22.0 24.0 52.2 - 55.7 DEPTH FROM-TO 0.5 5.0 ŧ ı i i 1 0.5 17.0 24.0 52.2 55.2 0.0 5.0 22.0

1

W. Cunningham

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INSPECTOR

DRILLER Barry Baltich

INC.

GEO MECHANICS,

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKTEY, PENESTIVANTA

HMS. 22.0 Sunny and mild 35.0 3 EBS. 0 HRS. 1134.0 GROUND NATER 24 GROUND WATER WEATHER THEIR GROUND ELEVATION ã FALL ပ္ FALL DIAMETER OF AUGER 343 LT Buseline THEST FORTING RECORD 300 STA 7483 WEIGHT OF HAMMER Yellow Creek Drainage BasinLocATION TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE CASING SIZE L 8-00-72 8-31-72 1.1-1.1 DATE STARTED FEATURE DATE COMPLETED PROJECT RORING NO.

Casing Blows 5.5 396 (n) 357 13 00 00 00 00 00E 可 00 1 0 日 00 日 004 200 11 8 -5 007 8 Blows or Rec. 50/.5 0.9 0. ω. Ο ιι ۲. ا 9 4 .0. 5.0 5.0 0.5 Run . 면 면 19.0 16.0 39.0 0.6 16.5 - 24.0 24.0 - 26.0 - 29.0 39.0 - 44.0 149.0 - 54.0 9.0 - 11.0 0.11 - 0.11 - 19.1 29.0 - 34. Sample From 1 34.0 -14.0 16.0 26.0 7.0 14.0 16.5 19.1 ಸ.ಖ.ರ. 0 ∞ 0 0/ 겂 R.Q.D. Length 9.0 12.2 0 0.7 0 sandy Shale o. 70° Fracture 51.8 - 52.3, 53.3 - 53.7, Vertical Fractures Coal, Black, Fractured Siltstone, Hard, Dark Gray to very Dark Gray Brown, Dense, Moist, with trace DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM Siltstone, Med hard, Dark Gray, Sandy Sandstone, Soft, Brown, Med, Coarse Sand Stone, Med, Brown, Fractured 42.9, Slightly fractured 28.3 - 28.5 32.6 - 32.8 Vertical Fracture Grained with many clay seams Clay Seam, Soft, Dark Gray 41.4-41.6, 42.7 with Soft Clay Seams Sandy Silt, fragments Massive, Top Soil 24.0 26.0 34.0 61.0 16.5 58.1 DEPTH FROM-TO 1.0 0.0 - 0.5 ı ı 1 ı 0.5 2.0 16.5 24.0 26.0 34.0 58.1

E. W. Cunninghem

INSPECTOR

Barry Baltich

DRILLER

ENC.

GEO MECHANICS,

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA

ဗြ SHEET

Casing Slows N 22.0 and mild 35.0 121 00 00 00 88 GROUND WATER O HRS. Sunny 1131:0 Blows or Rec. 5.6 WEATHER or Run To चे GROUND ELEVATION 64.0 Sample From INSPECTOR ł 57.5 R.Q.D. 0 65 STA. 17+83 343 LT Baseline "C" FALL R.Q.D. Length Barry Baltich DIAMETER OF AUGER 1.3 0 TEST BORING RECORD 300 63.2 DRILLER WEIGHT OF HAMMER WEIGHT OF HAMMER 1 63.1 DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM 63.0, LOCATION i 65.9 TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE 4 PROJECT Yellow Greek Drainage Basin Clay Stone, Gray, Hard, GEO. MECHANICS, INC. Clay Seam, Gray, Soft Soft Gray Clay Seams 8-29-72 8-31-72 NATELING COMPANY DATE COMPLETED FEATURE DATE STARTED BORING NO. 61.0 - 62.0 - 64.0 DEPTH FROM-TO 62.0

GREEN ENGINEERING COMPANY SEWICKLEY, PENNSYLVANIA

ß GROUND WATER 9-12-72 59.5
WEATHER SUNNY ENG TO GROUND ELEVATION 1131.0 SHEETS 74 RT Baseline "C" FALL DIAMETER OF AUGER TEST BORING RECORD Yellow Creek Drainage Basin LOCATION STA. 5+41 WEIGHT OF HAMMER TYPE OF SAMPLER SAMP. SIZE CASING SIZE 4 PROJECT DATE STARTED DATE COMPLETED FEATURE BORING NO.

DEPTH FRCM-TO	DESCRIPTION OF EACH STRATUM	R.Q.D. Length	ж О.Я	Semple or Run From To	Elows or Rec.	25 52 00 00	Casing Blows
0.0 - 0.5	Top Soil						35
0.5 - 10.0	Silty clay, Brown, Moist stiff to dense with shale fragments	t s				T'	014
10.0 - 23.0	Sandstone, Gray, Brown, Med Grain, Hard	6.0	9†1	10.0 - 13.0	.3.0	100	84 47
	Fractured, Laminated			13.0 - 18.0	5.0	100	, SS
23.0 - 25.0	Sandstone, Brown, Hard, Fractured, Med Grained,	0	0	18.0 - 23.0	5.0	100	70
	with clay seams			23.0 - 28.0	4.8	96	432
25.0 - 31.5	Sandstone, Gray- Brown, Hard, Med grained,	2.6	07	28.0 - 33.0	5.0	100	435
	Laminated			33.0 - 38.0	5.0	COT	
31.5 - 67.0	Siltstone, Dark gray, Hard, Massive	28.8	81	38.0 - 43.0	5.0	100	
	with sandy interbeds			43.0 - 48.0	5.0	COT	
67.0 - 70.0	Coal, Black, Fractured	0	0	48.0 - 53.0	5.0	100	
70.0 - 75.0	Clay stone, Gray, Soft, Highly fractured	0	0	53.0 - 58.0	5.0	007	
	Calcareous 74.5 - 75.0		٠	58.0 - 63.0	5.0	100	
,,,,	Lost Water 23.0			63.0 - 68.0	5.0	100	
				68.0 - 75.0	7.0	100	
			:				
RILLING COMPANY	GEO. MECHANICS, INC. DRILLER Barry 1	Barry Baltich)I	INSPECTOR E. N	W. Cunnînghem	ដូច ដូ	

Sheet No	· <u> </u>	_of_	1	
Date	27-	-72		•

Dam Site Yellow Creek; River Yellow Creek; Hole No. 2	; Rig No1
Location of Hole 4+60 75' LT Baseline "A"	
Contractor Geo. Mechanics, Inc. ; Driller Bob Copechal	; Elev. top of Hole 1112.0
Type & No. of Pump beam :: No. of Meter 20792925	: Elev.top of rock

PART I DATA ON FLOW TEST Section of hole tested Press. Water Meter Readings Depth Elevation Gauge Gal. or Αt At: Total lbs./ Time Time Time start end gals.of cu.ft. From To From To Started sq.in. Stopped Min. of of water · per test test min. used 55.d 60.0 9:30 9:40 <u>5</u> 50 9:35 9:45 3144.0 3244.5 100.5 50.0 55.0 3280.0 3399.5 50 119.5

PAR	TI		HOL	DING TEST -	MAXIMUI	M PRESSU	JRE 50 p.	s.i.	
1	ata o	n Press	ure	ľ	ING TEST - MAXIMUM PRESSURE 50 p.s.i. Time on Each 10 lb. Drop				
Secti	on of	hole to	ested	Gauge	pressure	at test i	ntervals f	rom	
De	pth	Elev	ation	50-40	40-30	30-20	20-10	10-0	Remarks
					lb.			lb.	Romanko
	To	From	To	(or	higher pr	essures j	f necessa	ry)	
55.0	60.0			No Hold					
	55.0			No Hold					
	50.0			l min. 30 se	c. 2 min.	6 min.	2 min.30s	ec. 30 min	1. To 8 p.s.i
40.0	45.0			l min 20 sed	. 3 min.	8 min.	15 min.	30 mi:	1. To 5 p.s.i
							·		
L									
		***				-			

Description of operations and general information:

1.85 hrs.

Sheet	No.	1	of	1	
Date	9=	27-7	2		 -

Dam Site Yellow Creek; River Yellow Creek; Hole No. 3	; Rig No. 4
Location of Hole STA. 8+00 77' LT Base line "A"	
Contractor Geo. Mechanics ; Driller Bob Copechal	; Elev. top of Hole 1122.0
Type & No. of Pump beam ; No. of Meter 20792925	; Elev.top of rock

PART I DATA ON FLOW TEST Section of hole tested Press. Water Meter Readings Depth Elevation Gauge Αt At: Total Gal. or lbs./ Time Time Time start end gals.of Cu. It. From To From To sq.in. Started Stopped Min. of of water . per test test used 66.5 min. 53.5 58.5 48.5 53.5 50 1:05 1:10 3510.5 3576.5 30 3690.0 3820.0 130.0 1:15 1:20

PAR	PART II HOLDING TEST - MAXIMUM PRESSURE 50 p.s.i. Data on Pressure Time on Each 10 lb. Drop								
<u> </u>	ata o	n Press	ure	<u> </u>	Time on Each 10 lb. Drop				
Section of hole tested				Gauge	pressure	at test i	ntervals f	rom	
De	pth	Elev	ation	50-40	40-30	30-20	20-10	10-0	Remarks
1 1			·	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	
From	То	From	To	(or	higher pr	essures i	f necessa	iry)	
53.5				No Hold					
	53.5			No Hold			,		
43.5				7 min.	15 min.	30 min.			To 23 p.s.i.
38.5	43.5			l min. 10 sec	3min.15	sec. 8 min	n. 18 min.	30 min.	To 3 p.s.i.
11									

Description of operations and general information:

2.05 hrs.

Sheet	t No.	1	of	1	
Date	9-	28-	72		•

Dam Site Yellow Creek; River	Yellow Creek; Hole No. 4	; Rig No4
Location of Hole STA 10+09	87 LT Base line "A"	
Contractor Geo. Mechanics	; Driller Bob Copechal .	; Elev. top of Hole 1137
Type & No. of Pump Beam	; No. of Meter 20792925	; Elev.top of rock

PART I DATA ON FLOW TEST Section of hole tested Press. Water Meter Readings Depth Elevation Gauge At: Αt Total Gal. or lbs./ Time Time Time start end gals.of Cu.ft. From To From To sq.in. Started Stopped Min. of of water . bel. <u>test</u> test used min. 54.5 59.5 49.5 54.5 8:30 3945 24 8:35 3860 85 8:50 8:55 20 3960 4044 84

PAR	T 11		HOL	DING TEST -	- MAXIMU	M PRESSU	JRE 50 p.	s.i.	
<u> D</u>	ata o	n Press	ure		DING TEST - MAXIMUM PRESSURE 50 p.s.i. Time on Each 10 lb. Drop				
Section of hole tested				Gauge	e pressure	at test i	ntervals f	from	
De	pth	Elev	ation	50-40	40-30	30-20	20-10	10-0	Remarks
				lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	
From	To	From	To	(or	higher pr	essures i	'f necessa	iry)	
54.5	59.5			No Hold]	4
	54.5			No Hold					
44.5				lmin. 15 sec	3 min.	6 min.15	sec.10 mi	n. 30	To 7 p.s.i.
39.5	44.5			l min. 20 sed	4 min.	8 min.15	" 14 min		To 8 p.s.i.
							·		
			· Philippine serve have a						

Description of operations and general information:

2 hrs.

Sheet	No.	1	of	1	
Date	9-	15-	72		

Dam Site Yellow Creek; River	Yellow Creek; Hole No. 5	; Rig No. 4
Location of Hole 15+72 219'	LT Baseline "A"	
Contractor Geo. Mechanics	; Driller Bob Copechal	; Elev. top of Hole 1122.0
Type & No. of Pump bean royal	: No. of Meter 20792925	: Elev.top of rock
•		

PART J DATA ON FLOW TEST

Section of hole tested			Press.		1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1, 1		Water Meter Readings				
1)6	epth	Eleva	<u>ation</u>	Gauge		•		At	At:	Total	Gai. or
Page		-1.		lbs./	Time	Time	Time	start	end	gals.of	Cu.ft.
From	To	From	То	sq.in.	Started	Stopped	Min.	of	of	water	· per
45.0	50:0	}			0.75			test	test	<u>used</u>	min.
42.0	10.0			50	9:15	9:20		2380.0	2480.0	100	
40.0	45.0			50	9:35	9:40	5	2565 0	2664.0	99	
									2004.0	77	
35.0	40.0			50	HOLD	NO FLOW					
		l <u> </u>				!			1		

PAR	<u> </u>		HOL	DING TEST -	MAXIMU	M PRESSU	JRE 50 p.	s.i.	
<u> D</u>	ata o	n Press	ure		ING TEST - MAXIMUM PRESSURE 50 p.s.i. Time on Each 10 lb. Drop				
Section of hole tested				Gauge	pressure	at test i	ntervals i	from	
De	pth	Elev	ätion	50-40	40-30	30-20	20-10	! 10-0	Remarks
				lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	
From	To	From	To	(or	higher pr	essures i	I necessa	ry)	
35.0	40.0			30 sec.	l min.	2 min.30	sec. 8 mi	n. 16 min	. To 3 p.s.i.
30.0	25. 0								
30.0	32.0			l min. 30 se	t.3min.40s	<u>ec. 10mi</u> r	<u>. 20 min.</u>	<u> 30 min</u>	. To 3 p.s.i.

Description of operations and general information:

1.75 hr.

Sheet	No.	1	of	٦.	
Date	9-1	-72			•

Dam Site Yellow Creek; River Yellow Creek; Hole No. 21; Rig No. 3
Location of HoleO+16 343' RT Baseline "D"
Contractor Geo. Mechanic, Inc.; Driller B. Battich; Elev. top of Hole;
Type & No. of Pump Myno : No. of Meter 20792925 : Elev.top of rock

PART I DATA ON FLOW TEST Section of hole tested Press. Water Meter Readings Depth Elevation Gauge Gal. or Αt $At \cdot \\$ Total lbs./ Time Time Time start end gals.of Cu.ft. From To From To sq.in. Started Stopped Min. Οţ of water · per test test used min. 59.0 64.0 10:18 am 50. 1860.0 1957.0 10:23 am 97.0

PAR	RT 11		HOL	DING TEST -	MAXIMU!	M PRESSI	URE 50 p	s i			
$\frac{1}{1}$	ata o	n Press	sure	1	DING TEST - MAXIMUM PRESSURE 50 p.s.i. Time on Each 10 lb. Drop						
Secti	Section of hole tested			Gauge	Gauge pressure at test intervals from						
De	Depth Elevation			50-40	40-30	30-20	20-10	10-0	Remarks		
				lb.	lb.	lb.	lb.	1b.	Remark 5		
From	To	From	To	(or	higher pr	essures j	if necessa	ry)			
59.0	64.0			NO HOLD							
	and the state of t										
54.0	59.0			l min. 20 sec	. 2 min.	4 min.	llmin.10s	ec. 15 mir	. To 3 p.s.i.		
				~					1		
49.0	54.0			6 min. 30 sec	. 14 min.	30 min.			per per		
 											
}						-					
 											
11		<u></u>						1			

Description of operations and general information:

1.50 hr.

Sheet	No.	1	of	1	
Date	:	7-7			

Dam Site Yellow Creek River Yellow Creek; Hole No. 22; Rig No. 3.
Location of Hole 6+04 185' LT Baseline "C"
Contractor Geo. Mechanic ; Driller B. Battich ; Elev. top of Hole_
Type & No. of Pump Myno : No. of Meter 20792925 : Elev.top of rock

PART J DATA ON FLOW TEST Section of hole tested Press. Water Meter Readings Depth Elevation Gauge Αt At: Total Gal. or lbs./ Time Time Time start end gals.of From To Cu.ft. From To sq.in. Started Stopped Min. of of water per test 70.0 75.0 test used min. 50 9:37 9:42 1990.0 2116.0 126.0 65.d 70.0 50 11:25 11:30 2252.0 2358.5 106.5

	TH		HOL	DING TEST -	MAXIMU	M PRESSI	URE 50 n	c i			
	Data on Pressure										
Secti	Section of hole tested			Gauge	Time on Each 10 lb. Drop Gauge pressure at test intervals from						
De	pth	Elevation		50-40	40-30	30-20	20-10	! 10-0	Remarks		
				lb.	1b.	lb.	lb.	1 lb.	Remarks		
From		From	To	(or	higher pr	essures :	if necessa				
70.0				NO HOLD				T	ļ		
65.0	70.0			NO HOLD							
60.0	65.0			l min. 25 sec	.3min.55s	ec.5min.3	5s. 18min	18 mi	@ 4 p.s.i.		
FE											
55.0	60.0			7 min.	22 min.	30 min.			@ 24 p.s.i.		
j											
J											
łL			!								

Description of operations and general information:

2 hr.

APPENDIX "C" SAMPLING STATION LOCATIONS FIELD pH AND FLOW QUANTITIES

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

GALLEY TAXE		 	FL	CM	
MPLING HOTTATS	DATE	рИ	GALLONS PER	GALLONS PER	LOCATION
NUMBER			MINUTE	DAY	
JХ	1/28/71	7.7	1,6	2,304	Little Connequenessing Creek - 300 feet east (up- stream) of Yellow Creek
2 X	1/28/71	7.5	2.1	3,024	Little Connoquenessing Creek - 600 feet west (down-stream) of Yellow Creek
3 X	1/28/71	7.2	2.8	4,032	Yellow Creek - 500 feet north of confluence with Connoquenessing Creek
1 _L	1/28/71	7.6	0.8	1,152	Spring House - 150 feet north of Station #3, & toe of slope on west side of road.
5 X	1/28/71	7.2	2.3	3,312	Yellow Creek - north of Station #4
6	1/28/71	7.8			Drift Mine - 36 feet south of Pole 18
7	1/28/71	3.9	2.1	3,024	Drift Mine - east side of road
8	1/28/71	6.7	0.9	1,296	Pipe Discharge - west side of road and 20 feet south of Pole 25
9	1/28/71	4.5			Pipe Discharge - west side of road
10	1/28/71	3.1			<u>Drift Mine</u> - east side of road opposite Pole $\frac{262}{29}$
10A	1/28/71	5.2	_	-	Drift Mine - across from Station #10 on west side
1.1	1/28/71	7.7	_	-	Discharge - 300 feet north of Station #10 on south side of private road that runs east of Yellow Creek Ro
12	1/28/71	7.5	_	-	Discharge - 120 feet south of Pole 262 on west side of road, south of White house
13	1/29/71	7.3	_	-	Pipe Discharge - 90 feet north of Pole 262 on west side of road.
14	1/29/71	7.6			Discharge - north of Station #13 on east side of road
1.5	1/29/71	7.0	_	-	Pipe Discharge - 36 fect south of Pole 262 on west side of road
16	1/29/71	7.7	_	-	<u>Discharge</u> - north of Station #10
17	1/29/71	3.2		-	Drift Mine - at Station #10
18	1/29/71	6.6	_	-	Discharge - east side of road near Pole 918-165
19	1/29/71	6.9			Pipe Discharge - east side of road and north of old farm
50	1/29/71	7.1			Ditch - east side of road by driveway
21	1/29/71	7.5	-	t-n.	Ditch - 25 feet north of Station #20 on east side
22	1/29/71	7.5	_		Discharge - 60 feet south of Pole 691/32 and south of Station #20 on east side of road

"X" after number denotes stream sampling station No "X" denotes discharge sampling station

W.H.G. 3/19/74

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

		1	FL9	CW -	
SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	DATE	рН	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION
23	1/29/11	6.8	-	-	<u>Ditch</u> - West side of road that crosses Yellow Creek
24	1/29/71	7.3	-		Discharge - west side of road opposite Station #23
25X	1/29/71	7.4		•	Stream - east side of road
26x	1/29/71	7.3		-	Stream - 25 feet north of Station #25 Stream - west of road, combined flow of Station # 25
27X	1/29/71	7.4			and 26.
28	1/29/71	6.5			Discharge - east side of road in rocks
29	1/29/71	6.9			Ditch - east side of road near Station #18
30	1/29/71	7.0	-	<u></u>	Ditch - east side of road by culvert near farm
31 _X	1/29/71	7.0	-	-	Stream - west side of road across from Station #30
32X	1/29/71	7.2		-	Stream - east side of road north of culvert Stream - east side of road, small stream flowing from
33X	1/29/71	7.7	-	-	house into Station #32
34X	1/29/71	7.5	_		Stream - east side of road and east of Station #33
35X	2/8/71	7.6	7.5	10,800	Stream - east side of road
36	2/8/71	7.6	0.5	677	Ditch - south of Station #35
37	2/8/71	7.2		-	Ditch - north of Station #35
38X	2/8/71	7.4	7.5	10,800	Stream - west side of road near Station #35
39X	2/8/71	6.0	2.5	3,600	Stream - east side of road near house
40X	2/8/71	7.2	10.0	14,400	Stream - east side of road
41	2/8/71	7.4	15.0	21,600	Ditch - north of Station #40
42X	2/8/71	7.4	1.0	1,440	Stream - west side of road across from Station #h0
43X	2/8/71	7.2	7.5	1.0,800	Stream - cast side of road, north of Ewy. Marker 3 and south of farm
<u> </u>	2/8/71	7.2	Ponded		Pond - northeast of Station #43 behind farm
45	2/8/71	7,4	1.3	1,800	Discharge - 10 feet south of Hwy, Marker 10 W.H.G.

3/19/74

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD pH and FLOW QUANTITIES

	SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	DATE	pII	FI. GALLONS PER MINUTE	OW GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION	
	46	2/8/71	7.4	7.5	10,800	Ditch - On east side of road	
	47	2/8/71	7.6	15	21,600	Pipe Discharge - West of road	
	148 X	2/8/71	7.2	.78	1,123	Stream - East of road at farm	
	49	2/8/71	7.4	7.5	10,800	Ditch - North of Station #48 on east of road	
	50	2/8/71	կ.2	1.0	1,440	Discharge - North of culvert; east side of road	
	51	2/8/71	3.5	1.0	1,4,10	Discharge - South of culvert; east side of road	
	52	2/8/71	3.7	15.0	21,600	Culvert - west of road; Confluence of Stations 50 and 51.	
	53	2/8/71	6.0	2.5	3,600	Ditch - South of Station 51; north of mine.	
	54	2/8/71	3.0	1.1	1,584	Ditch - South of Station 53 at mine on east side of ro	oad.
	55	2/8/71	3.0	1.0	1,440	Ditch - South of mine on east side of road	
	56	2/8/71	5.8	1.5	2,160	Discharge - South of culvert; below road crossing on east side of road	
	57	2/8/71	6.5	3.0	4,320	Culvert - East side of road.	
	58	2/8/71	6.2	0.9	1,296	Culvert - East side of road.	
	59X	2/8/71	6.1	30.0	43,200	Stream - At old mining area.	
FC	60	2/8/71	3.1	Seepage	-	Drift Mine - Southeast of Station 59	
FC	61	2/8/71	3.0	Seepage		Drift Mine - East of Station 59	
	62	2/8/71	3.2	3.0	4,320	Culvert - East side of road; North of Station 59.	
	63	2/8/71	3.1	1.1	1,584	Discharge - 50 feet east of culvert of Station 62	•
	бих	2/8/71	7.3	2.5	3,600	Stream - 75 feet west of Station 62.	
St	enford #1 65	2/8/71	6.5	3.0	4,320	Discharge - 150 feet South of Station 64; West side	
	nford #1 66X	2/8/71	6.1	30.0	43,200	Yellow Creek - between Stations 64 and 65.	
St	nford #1 67X	2/8/71	6.1	30.0	43,200	Yellow Creek - Southwest of Station 65	
	68	2/8/71	7.1	30.0	43,200	Culvert - East side of road; 100 feet south of W.P. Pole #112353.	٠

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY

POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD pH and FLCW QUANTITIES

C1 41 47\		1	FL	OW	
SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	DATE	рН	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION
69	2/ 8/71	6.8	Seepage	- DA1	Culvert - 50 feet east of W.P. Fole #112333
70	2/ 8/71	6.9	1.0	1,440	Ditch - North of Station 69
73. <u>X</u>	2/12/71	6.8	_		Yellow Creek - North of Kelly Road at Bridge
72	2/12/71	5.7	1.39	2,000	Pine Discharge - South of Kelly Road, west of house Driveway (12" COP)
73	2/12/71	5.5	.78	1,125	Ditch - 100 feet west of Station 72; North of Kelly Road
74	2/12/71	3.6	1.01	1,500	Pipe Discharge - 0.1 Mile west of Station 72; West of Kelly Road (12" C.M.F.)
75	2/32/73	3.7	1.04	1,500	Ditch - 0.1 mile west of Station 72; East of Kelly Road.
76	2/12/71	6.3	1.56	2,250	Discharge - 0.3 mile west of Station 72; East of Kelly Road; 25 ft. right of road.
77	2/12/71	6.5	3.57	5,143	Discharge - 0.4 mile west of Station 2; East of Kelly Road; 10 ft. from edge of road.
78	2/12/71	6.5	1.25	1,800	Discharge - 50 ft. west of Station 77; it ft. east of road on slope.
79	2/12/71	6.8	3.13	4,500	Ditch -50 ft west of Station 77.
80	2/12/71	6.7	8.33	12,000	Pine Discharge - 50 ft. west of Station 77; East of Kelly Road of Fole # P.T. 32. 22" C.M.F.)
. 81	2/12/71	6.0	12.5	18,000	Ditch - 0.5 mile west of Station 72; East of Kelly Road; Entrance to strip mine.
82	2/12/71	5.9	8.33	12,000	Ditch - 50 ft. west of Station Sl; East of Kelly For Pipe Discharge - 50 ft. west of Station Sl; West of
83	2/12/71	6.2	12.5	18,000	Kelly Road (12" C.M.P.) Pipe Discharge - 0.6 mile west of Station 72; West
84	2/12/71	6.8	1.34	2,000	Kelly Road at mine entrance road (12" C.M.P.) Discharge - 1.1 mile from Station 71; East of Kelly
85	2/12/71	6.5	4.17	6,000	Road 10 ft. from roadway.
86	2/12/71	6.8	25	36,000	Ditch-250 ft. West of Station & F; East of Kelly Ros Discharge - 250 ft. west of Station & F; ft. from
87	2/12/71	14.9	1.25	1.800	roadway. Discharge - 250 ft. west of Station 85; East of Kel
88	2/12/71	5.5	12.5	18,000	Road; 30 ft. off roadway. Ditch - 250 ft. west of Station 35; East of Kelly
89	2/12/71	6.3	12.5	18,000	Road. Pipe Discharge - 250 ft. west of Station 35; West :
90	2/12/71	6.5	25	36,000	Kelly Road (2h" R.C.P.) Discharge - 1.2 mile west of Station 71; Fast of
91	2/12/71	6.2	1.47	2,118	Kelly Road; 5 ft. East of roadway. J.E.S.

J.E.S. 3/19/74

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTIC: ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

93 : 94 : 95 : 96 : 97 : 98 : :	2/12/71 2/12/71 2/12/71 2/12/71 2/12/71 2/12/71 2/16/71	7.0 7.1 7.0 7.2 7.1	GALLONS PER MINUTE 2.08 8.33 8.33 12.5 25	GALLONS PER DAY 3,000 12,000 12,000 18,000 36,000	Pipe Discharge - 1.3 mile west of Station 71; west of Kelly Road. (12" C.M.P.) Pipe Discharge - 1.7 mile west of Station 71; West of Kelly Road (24" C.M.P.) Pipe Discharge Under road to east side of road (12" CMP) Ditch - East side of Kelly Road. Pipe Discharge - West of Kelly Road (24" RCP)
93 : 94 : 95 : 96 : 97 : 98 : :	2/12/71 2/12/71 2/12/71 2/12/71 2/16/71 2/16/71	7.1 7.0 7.2 7.1	8.33 8.33 12.5 25	12,000 12,000 18,000	of Kelly Road. (12" C.M.P.) Pipe Discharge - 1.7 mile west of Station 71; West of Kelly Road (24" C.M.P.) Pipe Discharge Under road to east side of road (12" CMP) Ditch - East side of Kelly Road.
94 : 95 : 96 : 97 : 98 :	2/12/71 2/12/71 2/12/71 2/16/71 2/16/71	7.0 7.2 7.1	8.33 12.5 25	12,000	of Kelly Road (24" C.M.P.) Pipe Discharge Under road to east side of road (12" CMP) Ditch - East side of Kelly Road.
95 : 96 : 97 : 98 :	2/12/71 2/12/71 2/16/71 2/16/71	7.2 7.1	12.5 25	18,000	Under road to east side of road (12" CMP) Ditch - East side of Kelly Road.
96 : 97 : 98 :	2/12/71 2/16/71 2/16/71	7.1	25		
97 : 98 :	2/16/71			36,000	Pire Discharge - West of Kelly Road (24" RCP)
98 :	2/16/71	7.7	E 0		1
			5.0	7,200	Fipe Discharge - East of 1-79; 100 ft. South of Highway Marker 5/85 (48" RCP & 4" underdrain)
99 X		7.7	25	36,000	Fipe Discharge - East of I-79; 0.5 mile from Yellow Creek Roar and I-79 Ramp at Highway Marker 5/80 (24"
	2/16/71	7.6	25	36,000	<u>Little Connequenessing Creek</u> - 20 ft. South of flow entering from Station 97.
1.00	2/16/71	7.5	25	36,000	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79 at Highway Warker 6/00 (48" R.C.P.)
101 2	2/16/71	7.3	.25	360	Discharge - East of I-79; at Highway Marker 6/25
102	2/16/71	7.5	2.08	3,000	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; 200 ft. South of Highway Marker 6/30
103 2	2/16/71	6.7	.63	900	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; at Highway Marker 91/2 (6" V.C.P.)
104 2	2/16/71	7.1	25	36,000	Pive Discharge - East of I-79; 100 ft. South of Highway Marker 6/45 (24" R.C.P.)
1.05 2	2/16/71	7.0	8,33	12,000	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; 25 ft. South of Highway Marker 6/50 (18" R.C.P.)
1.06 X 2	2/16/71	6.9	25	36,000	Yellow Creek - 10 ft. above Station 105 outlet.
107 2	2/16/71	7.1	25	36,000	Culvert - East of 1-79; 250 ft. North of Highway Marker 6/50.
108 2	2/16/71	8.4	12.5	18,000	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; 200 ft. North of Highway Earker 6/55 (24" R.C.P.)
109 2	2/16/71	8.0	•5	720	Pipe Dischange - East of 1-79; Highway Marker 6/65 (12" CMP)
11.0	2/16/71	7.7	1.66	2,400	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; 300 ft. North of Highway Marker 6/65 (12" R.C.P.)
		8.1	12.5	18,000	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; 250 ft. South of Highway Marker 6/75 (2h" R.C.P.)
	2/18/71	7.2	1.25	1,800	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; 75 ft. South of Highway Marker 6/90 (72" S.P.P.)
	2/1.8/71	7.3	.83	1,200	Pipe Discharge - East of I-79; 200 ft. South of Highway Marker 6/95 (18" C.M.P.)
	2/18/71	4.9	5	7,200	Strip Mine - East of I-79; between Highway Markers 7/00 and 7/05; North End of Mine.

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY

POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD pH and FLOW QUANTITIES

CIAMINE THO		1	FL.		
SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	1	рН	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATICN
115	2/18/71	6.7	25	36,000	Ditch - East of I-79; 100 ft. North of 2 Oak Trees. 200 ft. off roadway.
116	2/18/71	7.0	Ponded	-	Drift Mine - Hast of I-79; 201 ft. Right of 2 Cak Trees. Entrance is covered.
117	2/18/71	5.6	Ponded		Drift Mine - 100 ft. South of Station 116.
11.8	2/18/71	6.3	25	36,000	Pipe Discharge - From Station 117 (8" ".C.P.)
119	2/18/71	7.0	25	36,000	Ditch - West of Earnyard.
120	2/18/71	7.1	25	36,000	Culvert - 200 ft. South of Eridge at Spring House. Stream - Under Bridge Adjacent to Little Yellov
151X	2/18/71	7.1	25	36,000	Creek. Fire Discharge - Under Road; Metal Post on Left
122	2/18/71	7.4	25	36,000	side of Roadway is Fainted Red. (12" HP)
123	2/18/71	7.4	25	36,000	Pipe Discherre - Underroad (12" C.M.F. Culvert - Wood Bridge near end of roal; Stream runs
1.24	2/18/71	7.5	25	36,000	under I-79 thru 72" S.P.F.A. Little Yellow Creek - At Roais end on right, unier
125X	2/18/71	7.4	25	36,000	entrance to house.
126X	2/18/71	7.5	25	36,000	Little Yellow Creek - Second Eridge to Left on Yellow Creek Road.
127X	2/18/71	7.2	25	36,000	Tellow Creek - First Bridge to Left of Yellow Creek Road.
128	2/19/71	6.2	1	1,440	Strip Mine - Seepage; Left of Yellow Freek; 350 ft. Horth of Road.
129 X	2/19/71	6.3			Stream - 100 ft. from Station 128.
130	2/19/71	6.7		**	Strip Mine - Stream at North end of mine.
131X	2/19/71	6.7	25	36,000	Etream - Ruming From hillsite to left of Telliw Creek thru field.
132 X	2/19/71	6.7	25	36,000	Streem - Entering farm pond to left of Yellow Creek Road.
133	2/23/71	5.4	12.5	18,000	Discharge - North of Station 132.
134 X	2/23/71	6.7	12.5	18,000	Yellow Creek - 273 ft. from Station 193.
135 X	2/23/71	6.9	12.5	18,000	Yellow Crock - 111 ft. from Station 134.
136 x	2/23/71	7.0	25	36,000	Yellow Creek - 300 ft. from Station 135.
137 X	2/23/71	6.9	25	36,000	Yellow Creek - 150 ft. from Station 136.

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION, ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

QAMDE TUG			FL		
SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	DATE	рИ	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION
138X	2/23/71	6.9	54	eranin	Yellow Creek -
139X	2/23/71	7.0			Yellow Creek -
140X	2/23/71	6.5	-	-	Yellow Creek -
141X	2/23/71	6.0		_	Yellow Creek
142X	2/23/71	6.2			Yellow Creek - North of Stream .
143X	2/23/71	6.2			Yellow Creek - South of Stream
144X	2/23/71	5.3	_		Yellow Creek - End of Stream
145X	2/23/71	5.3		_	Yellow Creek -
146x	2/24/71	7.0	12.5	18,000	Stream -
147	2/24/71	6.25	6.25	9,000	Strip Mine - Stream flowing from.
148	2/24/71	7.7	25	36,000	Drift Mine - Seepage enters stream from mine area.
149	2/24/71	8.0	6.25	9,000	Drift Mine - Seepage from mine.
150	2/24/71	8.5	5	7,200	<u>Drift Mine</u> - Seepage from mine.
151	2/24/71	8.3	12.5	18,000	Drift Mine - Seepage from mine.
152	2/24/71	7.4	25	36,000	Drift Mine - Seepage from mine.
153	2/24/71	9.4	-	-	Strip Mine - Ponded area; 20 ft. diameter
154	2/24/71	7.4	5	7,200	Strip Mine - Stream from mine.
·155	2/24/71	8.2	-	-	End of 6" pipe; Water pumped from active mine.
156	2/24/71	8.2	-	-	Fumped water enters pond.
157x	2/24/71	8.2			Yellow Creek - Pumped water enters stream.
158	2/24/71	8.1	25	36,000	Strip Mine - Seepage from mine.
159 X	2/24/71	7.1	25	36,000	Yellow Greek - Along Strip Mine.
160 X	2/25/71	7.2	25	36,000	Yellow Creek - Along Roadway.

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

SAMPLI	MC	1	FL		To CARTON
STATI	ON DATE	pН	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION
161 x	2/25/71	7.3	25	36,000	Yellow Creek - Off Roadway
162)	2/25/71	7.0	5	7,200	Yellow Creek - 70 ft. from Roadway.
1637		7.2	25	36,000	Yellow Creek - 500 ft, from Roadway
tenford <i>i</i> 1642	(2/25/71	6.2	25	36,000	Yellow Creek - Bauder Rd. Branch - 100 ft. beyond in Yellow Creek - Bauder Roll Branch - Upstream from
tenford /	2/25/71	6.0		-	Station 164.
tanford (K 2/25/71	6.2		-	Yellow Creek - Bauder Rd. Branch - Downstream from Station 164.
tanford /		5.2	-	_	Strip Mine - Seepage from mine.
tanford 1		5.4	25	36,000	Stream - Upstream from Station 167.
tenford /	//2	7		_	<u>Yellow Greek Esuder Road Branch</u> - Upstream from Station 168.
tanford /	/2			_	Yellow Creek Eauder Road Branch - Downstream from Station 168.
Stanfo 171			25	36,000	Strip Mine - Stream from mine.
tanford ;	//2		-		Yellow Creek Bauder Road Branch - Upstream from Station 171.
tanford /	1/2			_	Yellow Creek Bauder Foad Branch - Downstream from Station 171.
tanford 7	1/2		6.25	9,000	Stream - Next to House Trailer.
tanford 1	1/2		6.25	9,000	Yellow Creek Bauder Rd. Franch-Farallel to Mine Frad
W1.J. b		tinfoi		12,000	Drift Mine - Flow out of Mine.
stanford :			5	7,200	Drift Mine - Flow out of mine; 100 ft. above Station 176.
stanford	1/2			1,200	
1.78	2/26/71				Drift Mine - Seepage in swampy area. Yellow Creek Bauder Road Franch - At Bridge
179			-		for Driveway.
180			25	36,000	Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Branch
1.81	x 2/26/71	7.7	25	36,000	Stream -
182	x 2/26/71	8.0	1.2.5	18,000	Stream - 40 ft. above Station 181.
1.83	2/26/71	6.1	6.25	9,000	Ditch -

J.E.T. 3/19 71

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD pH and FLOW QUANTITIES

SAMPLING		1	F I.		
STATION NUMBER	DATE	рН	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION
184	2/26/71	5.0	25	36,000	Strip Mine - Across Road from Stream.
185 x	2/26/71	7.0	25	36,000	Stream - from field.
186 X	2/26/71	7.5	-		Yellow Creek - Bauder Road Franch - Intersection abostream that follows road.
<u> 187 x</u>	2/26/71	7.7		_	Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Branch - Intersection above stream that goes to strip nine.
188 X	2/26/71	8.0			Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Branch - Below stream intersection.
189					No Station Listed.
190 X	2/26/71	6.7			Yellow Creek - Bauder Road Eranch
191 X	2/26/71	6.1.			Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Eranch-Stream intersection Right Branch
192 X	2/26/71	5.4			Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Franch-Stream intersection Left Branch
193 X	2/26/71	5.5			Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Brench
194 X	2/26/71	5.9	25	36,000	Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Branch
195 X	2/26/71	6.1	12.5	18,000	Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Branch
	2/26/71	5.9			Yellow Creek-Bauder Road Branch-Pinkerton Farm Area.
Stanford 197 X	3/1/71	3.5	25	36,000	Streem-Along road as it enters Main Streem.
Stanford 198 X	3/1/71	5.9			Main stream above stream along road.
Stanford 199 X Stanford	3/1/71	6.5		-	Main stream below stream along road.
500 X	3/1/71	3.5	8.33	12,000	Stream - from swamp area.
Stanford 201		4.1	6.25	9,000	Strip Mine - 200 ft. off read.
Stanford 202		3.7	-	-	Strip Mine - 100 ft. off read.
Stanford 203	3/1/71	3.5	_		Strip Kine.
Stanford 204 X		3.5	3.13	4,500	Stream-from hillside.
Stanford 205		14.14	2.77	4,000	Strip Mihe-Seepage.
Stenford 206	#1 3/1/71	4.2	12.5	18,000	Strip Eine-Scepage.

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BAGIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

		1	FL	OM	
SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	DATE	pli	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION
Stanford 207	<i>#</i> /1/71	4.1			Pipe Discharge - (15" concrete pipe)
208	3/1/71	3.3	25	36,000	Pipe Discharre - (18" concrete pipe)
209	3/1/71	4.6	12.5	18,000	Drift Mine - Seepage from mine.
210 X	3/1/71	5.7	12.5	18,000	Stream-along road.
211	3/1/71	4.3	8.33	12,000	Drift Mine - Seepage from mine.
212	3/1/71	4.2	12.5	18,000	Strip Mine - Stream from mine.
213	3/1/71	4.6	-	-	Discharge - South of 15" concrete tipe taking water across road.
214	3/1/71	5.2	-		Discharge - North of 15" concrete pipe taking water across road.
215	3/1/71	5.7	8,33	12,000	Pipe Discharge - Under roadway (15" C.M.F.
216 X	3/1/71	6.7			Stream - 300 ft. from road intersection.
21.7	3/1/71	6.7	12.5	18,000	Pipe Discharge - Stream from hillside. (15" C.M.P.
218	3/1/71	6.8	- 5	7,200	Pipe Discharge (15" R.C.F.)
23.9	3/1/71	5.8	3.57	5,142	Strip Nine - Stream from mine.
220	3/1/71	5.2	25	36,000	Pipe Discharge - (15" C.M.P.)
221	3/1/71	6.4	25	36,000	Pipe Discharge - North side of pipe (15" J.M.P.)
222	3/1./71	5.7	.12.5	18,000	Pipe Discharge - South side of pipe (15" C.M.P.)
223 X	3/1/71	6.0	12.5	18,000	Stream-Perpendicular to Fauder Rd. and 27' from St.
	#1 3/2/71	6.6		_	Stream -
Stanford 225 X		6.5	-		Yellow Creek -
Stanford 226 _X		6.6	_		Yellow Creek -
Stanford 227 X		6.5	8.33	12,000	Yellow Creek -
	#] 3/2/71	6.7	_		Yellow Creek -
Stanford 229 X	^{#]} 3/2/71	6.5	-	•••	Yellow Creek -

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASH STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

1			 	FLO	OW .		•
- 1	SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	DATE	рН	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LCCATION	
	Stanford 230	#1 3/2/71	6.5	_	-	Discharge - South of Station 228.	
	Stanford 231	#1 3/2/71	6.5	-	-	Strip Mine - At south end of strip mine.	
Sea! Und	Stanford	#1 3/2/71	3.5			Drift Mine-Stream flowing from mine east into Yellow	Ck.
Con			6.5		444	Yellow Creek - North of Station 232.	
;	Stanford 234 X	. #1 3/2/71	5.9		-	Yellow Creek - South of Station 232.	
	235 X	3/2/71	4.2	-		Stream - Water ponding Northwest of Station 232.	
	236	3/2/71	4.2	1	1,440	Strip Kine - Seepage from South end of strip mine at top of slope.	
	237	3/2/71	5.0	3.13	4,500	Strip Mine - Seepage from toe of slope.	
	238	3/2/71	5.9	-	•	Strip Mine - At access road to mine.	
	239	3/2/71	4.7	25	3,600	Strip Mine - At toe of slope; North of Station 238.	İ
	240	3/2/71	6.8		u n.	Discharge - Relow Station 239.	İ
	241	3/2/71	3.6	6.25	9,000	Strip Mine - Seepage at toe of slope.	
	242	3/2/71	5.3			Pipe Discharge - (43" F.C.P.)	
	2)+3 X	3/3/71	4.2	25	36,000	Yellow Creek-Kelly Road Branch	
	5/1/1	3/3/71	4.2	Ponded		Strip Mine.	
	245	3/9/71	5.7	5	7,200	Strip Mine - Seepage	
	246	3/9/71	6.9	25	36,000	Strip Mine - Seepage from bottom of slope.	
	247	3/9/71	6.9	25	36,000	Drift Mine - Off Kelly Road	
	248	3/10/71	7.5	-		Strip Mine - In stream flowing from mine.	
	249 _X	3/10/71	7.5		-	Yellow Creek-	
	250X	3/10/71	7.5	-	-	Yellow Creek - At confluence of Stations 248 & 2-2. Utrip Mine - At end of streem in mine to the	
	251.	3/10/71	7.5	_	\$-44.	Northwest.	
	252	3/10/71	6.8	.2	288	Strip Mine - at toe of slove.	

C-11

YELLOW CREEK DRAINAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LOCATION, FIELD PH and FLOW QUANTITIES

1		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		FL.	ON .	
	SAMPLING STATION NUMBER	DATE	рН	GALLONS PER MINUTE	GALLONS PER DAY	LOCATION
	253	3/10/71	7.0	1.	1,440	Discharge - North of Station 252.
	254	3/10/71	7.2	-	-	Culvert - North end of 3' x 5' R.C. Culvert.
	255 .	3/10/71	6.8	1.38	1,987	Strip Mine - Seepage from West side of stream.
Hast FC	ings 256	3/10/71	5.2	25	36,000	Drift Mine - Shaft behind Junic pile.
	257	3/10/71	6.8	1 .	1,440	Strip Mine - At toe of slope.
	258x	3/10/71	7.2	25	36,000	Stream - Flow from North.
i	259X	3/10/71	7.2	25	36,000	Stream - Flow from East.
į	260X	3/10/71	7.2	25	36,000	Stream - Flow from South.
:	. 261X	3/10/71	7.2	25	36,000	Stream - At confluence of Stations 258, 259 and 260.
	,					
	,					
i .						

C-12

YELLOW CREEK
DIALWAGE BASIR STUDY
POLLUPTON ABAPEMENT PROJECT
LAFORATORY CHESTORIS

	919										-				
	30.15	£.	200	95	1	1	1	1			 		 		
	Acidity Alk. [Total Ferrous Suffate	7 YOU	0	. 0	1	l	1	ı							
1.67	Total	Iron mr./1	36	7.0	1	ı	1	ı							
JULE 14. 197	ALK.	mg./J	ſ	32		1	ł	1							
J.C.	Actaits	mr.'1.	36	ı	ŧ	1	1	1							
	Leb	٦. !!	#. #	4.0	ì	ı	I	ŀ							
	FLOW	д.р.я	ı	ŀ	1	1	l	1							
	Flow Lab Acidity Alk. Total Ferrous Sulfate Flow			1	ŧ	1	600	1							
	Perrous	Iron mg./l.		ı	ı	1	0	1							
1.1.61	Foral	Iron mg./1	10.	i	1	ı	22.5								
Y 28,	ALK.	17.71		,	ı	J		1	, , , , ,				 		
MM	Veidity	mr.//- mr.//3	180	1	ı	ı	280	ı							
	Lab	E .		1	ı		5.8	1		 	 				
	Ton	E 4.	Į.	1	ı	ı	ı	1							
				ı	00).	185	900	110							
ril 6, 1	Flow Fleid Lab Acidity Alk. Fotal Ferrous Sulfate	Iron	ļ	ī	2	0	0	0							
to Ap	notal (1	Iron Iron Iron	ı	1	00	2.7	80	17.7					 		
1701,	H.		ı	ı	50	99	ı	1 361						 	
ARCII 20	Cluffy.	mg./l.	- 1	ì	ŀ	1	450	1			 				
	Late N	E E		ı	6.4	6.5	2.8	6.8			 				
	Teldi	ii d		1	1	6.3	3.1	0.2			 	•			
	Tom	E 6.		ı	0.8	364 6	25	10.5		 	 				
		STATION NUMBER	7,47	245	355	253	256	257							

YHIION CHNEK DRAIMAGE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LABORATORY CHEMICAL AGALETER

	(1)	•																	
.	Unliate		1	I	-	1	03	1500	1	1	390	1	1	320		-		1	1
	photia	Hon.		ı	ı	1	0	0	ı		O	ı	1	0	1	1	-	1	t.
11.01		Iron ma./1	i	t	_	- 1	4.3	091	1	-	n.	1	ı	1.7	l	I	1	ţ	1
JIE. 3 14.	F Alk.	m//	i	ı	ı	1	56	ı	ı		65	ı	ı	r-l W	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
-	Acidity	mr./1.	ı	1	1	ı	ı	200	1	ı	١	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	í	1
	Lab	H.C.	ı	-	1	í	6.8	3.0	ı	ı	7.1	ı	ı	6.5	ı	ı	ı	i	1
	Flow	ਜ਼.ਜ਼.ਜ਼	1	l	t		1	87	1	1	970	1	1	545	ı	1	1	ı	1
	Ferrous Sulfate	m/1.	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	1600	ı	500	340	1	1	004	1	1	1	Į	í
	Perrous	Iron mg./1.	ı	t	ı	ı	į	1.8	Į.	7,7	0	ı	ı	2.3	1	1	1	٤,	1
1971	Total	Iron mg./l	1	ŧ	I	i	ı	140	ı	4.23	0.5	(ı	7	ţ	1		ı	-
MAY PE.	AR.	mc./3	1	ŧ	1	ſ	ı	ı	ı	1	18	1	1	1	ţ	1	1	1	-
12	Acidity Alk.	mr./1.	ī	ļ	1	ı	I	650	ţ	44	1	\$	\$	8	ì	;	1	í	-
	Lab	Hd	1	ì	ì	1	1	77	١	5.1	6.3	ì	ł	5.7	1	1	1	1	1
	NOT.I	E.7.8	1	ı	I	ı	1	130	ſ	I	146	1	I	1094	l	1	1	١	ı
		mg./l.	200	185	0,1.Τ	150	1	1200	390	475	l	520	2700		390	009	520	7:00	1100
mil 6,	Total Ferrous Sulfate	Iron mg./]	1	I	ţ	1	j	3.0	0	0	ţ	0	110	1	0	0	0	0	0
to Ap	Total	Iron mg./1	0.7	0.3	η.0	9.0	ı	120	5.0	27.5	ţ	٥٠،4	350	į	ь. Б	г. г.	10	2.8	27.
11		ա⊆./1	1	0	i	1	ı	ı	10	I	I	į	1		i	ı	30	0	ı
MANCH 20,	Acidity Alk.	mg./l.	2	0	1.0	10	1	009	- I	βή	ī	56	750	1	16	50	-	0	1.10
-	917	H.C.	6.3	5.6	S.3	5.3	ı	2.7	6.3	3.5	ı	다	2.6	Į.	5.3	3.6	6.7	6.3	3.1
	Held	n H	5.7	5.0	5.3	5.2	ı	3.3	5.8	5.6	ı	4.5	3.0		5.7	3.6	5.9	6.2	3.3
1	:Tom:	E 6.	8.3	8.3	1.3	1.0	•	637	930	950	1	192	3.1	ı	1,623	6.3	3.6	153	65
-		STATION	221	222	553 X	223A X	X #22	232	233 X	234 X	235 X	237	237A	237E	0. 0.	240	てたる	242	X 843

YELLOW CREEK DWALBAUE BACIE CFUDY POLLUTION ABANTEMENT PROJECT LAPORATORY CHEMICAL ANALWEIS

			ł	ı	ı	í	165	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ì	_	ŧ	ı	ı	ı	1
	The states	lron mg./1.	1	ţ	-	ı	0	-	1	_	ł	1	-	ı	1	į	ſ	1	ı
1507	Trion	Iron mg./l	ı	ı	1	1	9.5	ı	١	-	1	ı	l	ı	I	1	-	ı	-
JUE THE	. A.I.K.	mg./1	ı	1	ı	-	20	l	۲		ţ	ı	-	l	ţ	I	l	ļ	1
2	Acidit.	mg./J.	1	ı	ı	1	. 1	ι	ı	ı	ſ	1	1	1	Į.	1	ι	ı	ı
	977	HС	1	ı	ş	1	۸. 8	ł	1	ı	1	i	1	ı	` 1	1	ı	1	t
	MOLA	ار ت	ı	1		ı	ı	ŧ	-	1		1	ı	1	1	1	ı	î	t
	Ferrous Sulfate Flow	mg./ไ.	ı	ı	í	ı	ı	ı	920	i	1	į	1500	ı	1	ı	ļ	į	1
	Ferrioun:	Iron mg./l.	ı	- 1	ţ	1	ı	1	9.0	1	_	ı	0	ı	1		ı	ţ	2 1
1971	1.1.1.1.1	Iron mg./1	ı	ı	i	I	1	ı	8.5	1	ı	ī	6.5	1	1	1	í	-	ł
MAY 28,	Alk.	r/.⊅m	, l	ı	i	į	1	ş	ı	ı	ı	ı	ţ	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı
18	Actuiry Alk.	mr./1.	i	ı	ţ	1	J	í	120	l	l	1	345)	1	ı	i	1	ì
	J.F.	He	1	ı	i	1	1	1	3.3	-	1	ı	3.3	1	١	ı	ı	-	1
	F.Low	m.r.7	ı	ı	i	-	1	ì	1	ı	ı	ı	_	ı	ı	1	1	1	1
1971	Sul Pulic	m <i>c</i> ./1.	3100	2000	52:00	2200	11.75	000	1300	006	120	1000	540	1050	390	049	094	360	560
mil 6, 1	12	Iron	2.3	0.9	1.1	18	0	0	0	0	0	0	-	0	1	1	ı	1	J
to A	TOUT	Iron mg.//	275	275	350	250	25	 	7.5	7.4	0.5	.± .₩	3.3	3.0	0.7	0.1	9.0	0.5	0.3
1,1971	-		1	ı	١	_	ſ	ı	1	-	ı	1	I	ı	1	10	2.0	ı	ı
MARCH 29,	TACIALLY AIK.	ne./1.	1,400	0001	2100	1600	160	150	101	70	13	24	84	58	. 50	1	1	07	36
	Lub	<u></u>	2.6	2.5	2.5	2.5	3.1	o.	3.4	3.9	5.0	3.8	3.5	T*†	න අ	6.2	9.9	5.2	8.4
	Field	ਜ਼ਿ	۳. د ا	3.2	3.0	3.0	3.1	0.0	3.4	3.8	5.0	3.8	3.7	9.4	J. 7	9.6	6.1	5.1	5.0
	Tor	ਲ.ਨੂ.ਸ	5.0	12.5	9.0	3.6	4.2	39	238	12.5	32.5	2.8	143	5.0	8.3	6.3	8.3	3.1	8.3
	SKAPLING	STATION IUNBER	201	202	203	zca x	206	207	208	509	SIO X	211	ET3	न्ट	515	21.7	218	219	220

YELLOW CREEK
DHALMAGE BACLH STUDY
POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT
LAROHAMONY CHRITCAL AMARKETS

-			000	350	ηCo	ı	ŧ	1	ı	ı	CO7	ı	027	I	ı	ı	,	0440	3100
		1.00 Tr./1.	8.0	6.3	O	1	ı	ı	1	-	0		7.0	ł	ı	ı	ı	0	0.3
1971	f	11.0n	10	10	5.6	į		ı	ſ	1	7.0	ı	10	1	ı	ı	ı	-t rl	200
JUNE 14,	A H.R.	mg./1	ı	ı	8.0	í	ı	1	ţ	ı	10		1	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	t
2	fab Acidity Alk.	mF. /1.	30	l _t o	1	I	ı	ı	ι	ι	ŧ	t	775	ı	1	ı	1	30	1100
	35	ъ	4.3	9.4	ر•٠	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	6.3	ì	3.9	1	. !	ı	ı	τ•η	2.9
	NO. 1.:-	g.v.m	ı	1590	טוט	ı	ı	1	ı	1	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	I	1	980	65
	Perroas Culfide Flow	mg./1.	1	1,80	,	1	1	1	1	t	ı	ſ	i	ſ	i	1	ı	C01	2600
	Ferrous	12.011 mr./1.	1		1.5 460	1	ı	î	ı	i	ŧ	î	ţ	l	i	ı	1	20	1.3
1971	Tobal	17077 mr./1	1	22.5	-	ı	l	1	1	ı	í	1	ł	ı	l	1	1	20	200
MAY 28,	Alk.	mg./1	ı		ı	ı	1	t	1	1	ı	1	í	1	1	1	1		ı
M	Acidity Alk.	mg.//.	ı	4.6	91	ı	ı	ı	ı	1	1	ŧ.	I	1	į	1	1	94	1400
	dad	D.I.	1	0.4	77	1	- 1	ł	ı	ı	l	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	1	5.1	2.6
	Flow	g.n.m	1	2659	741	í	ı	!	ı	1	ı	ţ	1	ı	ı		1	1929	6.8
1971	Ferrous Sulfate Flow	mg./1.	ı	ı	701	3/10	190	1500	38	370	1	480	ī	130	500	370	2200	1	2000
to April 6,	Ferrous	20, 1		ı	1	0	0.8	0.1	0	0	ſ	0	360	0	0	0	1.5	1	0.9
	,=₁ ⊦	11.011 mg./1	1	I	1.1	9	6	00	9	5	1	0.1	1.4	6	6	8	280	l	. 0[
-	;	mE.//	ı	1	0	ı	ı	ı	1	ı	ı	77	1	1	50	ı	1	-	1
MAKCH P	Acldffy Alk.	mg./1.	ı	1	O	50	9	500	18	36	1	ı	18	ω	1	52	1250	1	1100
	Lab	ll l	ı	ı	6.8	5.7	3.5	2.7	3.9	4.4	ı	6.2	5.3	6.3	6.8	7.4	2.7	1	2.6
-	Field	PH	1	ı	7.3	6.7	2.3	3.1	4.1	14.0	1	5.7	5.0	4.1	6.1	5.7	3.1	1	3.0
	LOW	F. n. II	1	1	1	740	143	2.5	16	3600	1	1.3	1900	1.0	5.0	789	12.5	1	5.0
	STATION	NUMBER	156	163 X	164 X	165 x	168 x	171	176	x 62t	182 X	183	X 161	192 X	195 X	х 961	X 791	199A	200 X

YELLOW CREEK DRAIN GE BASIN STUDY POLLUTION ABATEMENT PROJECT LABORATORY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

	Sulfate	i i	•	1	ı	L	ı	1 1	1 1	1	ı	1	t	1	t	1	310	1.	
	Shorres	17.52 17.73	,	i	ſ	ı		1 1	1 1	1	,	i	J	ţ	ı	I	0		
197	Total	Iron		l	1	1	i	1 1	1 1	1	. 1	i	ı	-1	. 1	1	3.5	ı	1
JUNE 14.	<1	را ا	1		1	;	ı	1 1	1 1	1	1	1	١	i	ł	1	87	1	1
1	Acidity	mg. /].	ı	· 1	ı	ŀ	j	11	1 1		1	τ	ı	t	1	ı	1	ı	ı İ
	Teb	Щ р.	1	ı	-	ı	ı	1 1	1 1	1	ı	ı	l	ł	l	t	7.0	١	ı
	30 E	គ. ស ស	ι	-	l	-	1	1 1	1 1	ı	ı	ţ	ı	ſ	ſ	l	325	1	1
	Ferrous Sulfate	mg./1.	475	1	1	i	. 1	400	1 60	ı	ı	1	I	ı	1	ŀ	370	1	1
	Ferrous	Iron mg./l.	0	. t	1	L	1	10	260	ı	1	t	l	1	1	1	0	ı	1
1972	1	Iron ng./l	80	ı	1	. 1	ı	-	3.3	ı	ı	١	i	-	4	ı	3	1	1
MAY 23,	Alk.	mg./J	1	1	I	-	I	; ;	1400	I	1	I	l	1	l	1	52	ı	ı
23	Acidity Alk.	mg./J.	280	t	1	4	l	180	1 1	i	1	1	1	1	ı	1	1	1	
	Lab	H. G.	2.8	ı	l	ſ	1	2.8	120	I	ı	1	1	Į	j	-	6.9	ı	
	e Flow	ب د ق	ŧ	ı	-	ı	Į	į 1	2.8	1	l	ı	1	t	ļ	1	792	1	1
1971	Sulfate	mg./l.	475	350	24	42	28	32	475	160	200	110	110	310	320	24	220	270	340
9	Ferrous	Iron mg./l.	1	1	1	ı	1	1 1	1 1	ı	ı	ŧ	ı	1	1	•	1	ı	1
to April	Total	Iron ng./3	135	32.5	9.0	0.0	7.0	0.5	105	8.5		3,3	2.2	2,8	3.1	1.0	0.5	0.7	0.9
1, 1971		17/-Eu	ı	-	89	34	97	11	-1 1	ı	1	9	70		١	0	40	1	1
MARCH 29,	Acidity	mg./1.	200	120	1	1	ı	11	180	64	06	l	1	20	20	0	l	36	52
	Leo	ini G	3.1	3.1	6.3	7.2	7.3	7.0	3,1	3.2	3.2	5.	6.6	5.8	5.7	6.0	6.8	4.6	4°4
	Field	iii O	3.9	3.8	6.6	6.9	-	7.3	3.5	3.3	3.3	6.1	8.4	5.1	5.0	5.9	7° 9	3.8	4.3
	TOM	<i>ព</i> ស	1.7	1.0	2.8	6.3	0	025	Ponded	6.3	3.1	12.5	8,3	5500	2900	12.5	3200	4.2	5.0
	SETTENTS	NOWERS NOWERS	53	54	56	57	58	x69	61	62	63	X79	65	66X	67X	69	7.1	72.	73

YELLOW CRIEK
DRAINAGE BASI: STUDY
POLLUHYON ABATWERNT PROJECT
LABORATORY CHEMICAL ANALYSIS

	Sulfate	, i	18	ı	1	ı	1	ı	1	1 8	720	320	1	ı	ı	. 1		ł	ı	1
	9	ار از از		ŧ		1	1	 I	1	1 (0			1	_	1	ı	1	-
1-1 0 1-1	-7	7. St. (1.	.5	1	1		1				× ,	3.2		1	-		ı		1	1
	A1k . 501	7. E. /.	30 1	-				· 			45		1	1	1			1	1	
JUNE 14.	T ## 7	7. 3.		1			•				+				•					
	Acidity	EI EI	-	1	1	1	1	1	1		- -		1		l 		1	1	ı	ı
	Lab	hi p.	' -	1	-	1	1	1	1	1 4	7 q	0.9	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Flow	E 6	6840	1	()	l	ı	1		1	1 1	1	1	1	1	ı		1	1	1
	Sulfate	mg./1.	210 320	i	-	240	l	ı	1	1	1 1	1	l	ŧ	1	ı	ı	100	i	1
	Ferrous -	Iron mg./l.	00	-	ţ	0	1	}	t	ļ	: :	ı	ı	t	i	ſ	1 -	0	1	1
1971		Tron mg./1	0.7	-	ţ	6.5	1	ı	1		1 1	1	ı	1	ı	1	ł	1.6	ı	1
MAY 28,	Alk.	mg•./⊥	20	Ī	ł	ı	1	ı	i		1 1	1	ţ	ł	ı	1	1	t	1	1
	Acidity Alk.	mg./1.	52	1	Ĺ	180	ł	t	i			ī 1 .	1	l	!	ı	1	32	ŀ	ţ.
	Lab	III C	6.7	1	. (3.2	1	1	1		1	1	ı	1	ı		l	3.7	ı	ı
	Flow	ρ. Ε	5584	1	ı	1	ſ	1	1	ı	1	ı i	ı	1	ı	1	1	ı	1	į
1971	Sulfate	mg./1.	105	87	56	009	06	09	t	38	1 6	ρ, ι	28	28	22	16	150	95	160	350
6,	Ferrous	Iron mg./l.	1 (ī	ŧ	1	ı	1	1	ı		1 1	1	1	1	l	1	ı	s	i .
to April	Total		15.4	0.5	3.6		3.9	2.3	ı	3.9		. ı	2.2	3.1	0.1	0.2	0.3	2.6	22.5	57.5
, 1971		mg./1		9	1	1	1	20	ı	38		> I	12	10	14	18	78	1	1	
MARCH 29,	Acidity Alk.			i	2	260	16	ı	ı	1		1 1	ł	ı	1	1		36	77	100
	Lab	 Н О	3.6	6.5	5.7	2.9	4.2	6.7	ı	6.5		7:0	6.5	6.7	6.7	6.7	7.0	3.8	3.5	3.3
	Field	ΗQ	2.6	6.4	6.3	3.1	4.2	4.3	ı	5	1	۵. ا د	7.0	7.2	7.2	7.3	7.0	4.0	. 4.1	4.0
	1011	11 00 03	, -	2.5	3.6	2.5	239	5.0	0.1	6.3	1	7.7	2.1	2.1	875	1	213	2.5	4.2	3.1
	T DUTTARYS	TOTAL SECTION	3X 7	8	σı	10 & 17	, 10A	1.5	81		1	577	28	29	30	31 X	X 68	50	51	52

 $^{\prime\prime} X^{\prime\prime}$ after number denotes stream sampling station No $^{\prime\prime} X^{\prime\prime}$ denotes discharge sampling station

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